CHAPTER XXIV.

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

NOTE.—Working proprietors are included in all cases in the "Number of Persons Engaged".

Single-year tables in this issue relate to the year 1947-48 and in the immediately preceding issue to the year 1945-46. Corresponding tables for 1946-47 may be found in the *Production Bulletin* 1946-47, No. 41, Part I.—Secondary Industries.

§ 1. Number of Factories.

1. Number of Factories in each State.—For statistical purposes, a "factory" was defined by the Conference of Statisticians in 1902 as any factory, workshop or mill where four or more persons are employed or power is used. The statistics which follow should be read in the light of this definition. The following table shows the number of factories in each State for the five years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39:—

FACTORIES: NUMBER.

Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39	9.464	9,250	3,087	2,067	2,129	944	26,941
1943-44	10,755	9,317	2,652	2,149	1,807	994	27,674
1944-45	11,359	9,669	2,783	2,182	1,931	1,006	28,930
1945-46	12,287	10,195	2,945	2,395	2,280	1,082	31,184
1946-47	13,961	10,949	3,367	2,707	2,615	1,169	34,768
1947-48	15,194	11,642	3,642	2,865	2,788	1,225	37,356

2. Number of Factories in Industrial Classes.—(i) Australia. The next table shows the number of factories in Australia during 1938-39 and the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 classified in the industrial classes agreed upon by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. This classification, which was introduced during 1930-31, superseded the grouping which had been in use since 1902. The definition of a factory adopted at the Conference of Statisticians in 1902 is, however, still used. Details of some of the principal industries included in the table will be found in § 9 hereinafter.

FACTORIES: NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, AUSTRALIA.

Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946–47.	1947-48.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine						_
and Quarry Products	564	417	458	591	743	933
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	471		318	410	481	517
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,		,	3	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , ,	3-,
Oils and Grease	666	816	862	886	929	975
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines and Con-	1				1 -	,,,,
veyances	7,255	7,788	8,173	8,816	10.055	10,910
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and Plate	290	258	267		465	555
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	611	821	865		930	982
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or		1	_	!	1	1
Footwear)	533	563	58 r	651	703	727
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	4,314	4,462	4,773	5,215	5,733	6,069
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	5.202	5,457	5,664	5,865	6,236	6.475
* X. Woodworking and Basketware	2,822	2,799	2,873	3,148	3,608	4,001
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc	1,149	917	959	1,140	1,407	1.508
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	1					1
binding, etc	1,816	1.673	1,688	1.703	1.779	1,852
XIII. Rubber	299	275	286	308	345	371
XIV. Musical Instruments	34	35	37	41	48	56
XV. Miscellaneous Products	413	624	650	714	832	899
Total, Classes I. to XV	26,439	27,194	28,454	30,708	34,294	36.890
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	502	480	476	476	474	466
Grand Total	26,941	27.674	28,930	31,184	34,768	37,356

Although not the best index of manufacturing activity, the number of factories affords some indication of the development of secondary industries. From 1931-32 to 1940-41 the number of factories increased each year but in the two succeeding years there were decreases. However, this was followed by increases in 1943-44 and each succeeding year to 1947-48 when the number of factories in Australia reached the record total of 37,356 or 38.7 per cent. greater than in 1938-39.

(ii) States, 1947-48. The following table shows the number of factories in each State in 1947-48, classified according to the nature of the industry:—

FACTORIES: NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1947-48.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-Metalliferous							
Mine and Quarry Products	350	316	63	92	74	38	933
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	251	130	39	54	39	14	517
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	İ		l	i			1
Paints, Oils and Grease	501	281	57	71	46	19	975
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Con-	1						l
veyances	4,486	3,390	1.014	848	894	278	10,910
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and			i	ĺ.	1	_	i
Plate	248	176	33	46	44	8	555
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods					1		١
(not Dress)	346	528	26	41	27 (14	982
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or					l i		
Footwear)	332	258	49	45	32	11	727
VIII. Clething (except Knitted)	2,750	2,105	363	405	377	69	6,069
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	2,294	1,785	940	648	532	276	6,475
X. Woodworking and Basketware	1,581	988	567	230		371	4,001
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	540	485	178	137	157	71	1,568
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-			_				
binding, etc	764	052	164	125	119	28	1,852
XIII. Rubber	145	111	42	38	21	14	371
XIV. Musical Instruments	25	15	3	7	6	• •	56
XV. Miscellaneous Products	449	326	42	34	39_	9	899
Total, Classes 1, to XV.	15,062	11,536	3,580	2,821	2,671	1,220	36,890
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	132	106	62	44	117	5	466
Grand Total	15,194	11,642	3,642	2,865	2,788	1,225	37,356

§ 2. Classification of Factories according to Number of Persons Engaged.

- 1. General.—Prior to 1945-46 the classification of factories used ended at the group "Over 100". This was regarded as too restricted as it did not permit of any analysis of the development of factories in size groups above 100 employees. In consultation with the State Statistical Bureaux, it was agreed to extend, in 1945-46, the classification of factories according to size in the manner shown in the table below in respect of numbers of factories and, in the table which follows, in respect of numbers employed.
- 2. States, 1947-48.—The following table shows, for each State, the number of factories classified according to the number of persons engaged in 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1947-48.

Size of Facto (Persons engage		n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
			Number	OF FACT	ORIES.	`	·	
Under 4		4,402	3,314	930	738	1,219	388	10,991
4		1,372	1,025	373	260	139	127	3,296
5 to 10		4,152	2,938	1,072	827	751	384	10,124
11 to 20		2,272	1,794	561	443	303	163	5,536
21 to 50		1,799	1,517	426	347	238	102	4,429
51 to 100		625	559	132	141	90	38	1,585
101 to 200		315	279	102	52	34	12	794
201 to 300		85	90	25	28	11	3	242
301 to 400		49	. 44	7	10	2		112
401 to 500		39	28	2	2		2	73
501 to 750		34	30	7	7		2	80
751 to 1,000		18	15	2	. 3		2	40
Over 1,000]	32	9	3	7	I	2	54
Total		15,194	11,642	3,642	2,865	2,788	1,225	37,356

The relative importance of large and small factories is illustrated by a classification of the average number of persons engaged according to the size of factory in which they work:—

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS ENGAGED ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1947-48.

Size of Fact (Persons enga		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	8. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia				
AVERAGE NUMBER ENGAGED DURING PERIOD WORKED.												
Under 4		9,166	6,853	1,998	1,563	2,541	877	22,998				
4		5,488	4,100	1,492	1,040	556	508	13,184				
5 to 10		28,784	20,236	7,490	5,752	5,016	2,566	69,844				
11 to 20		33,220	26,440	8,139	6,451	4,455	2,354	81,059				
21 to 50		56,440	47,556	13,141	10,775	7,615	3,250	138,777				
51 to 100		43,618	39,462	9,595	9,612	6,021	2,773	111,081				
101 to 200		42,831	38,523	14,879	7,179	4,597	1,625	109,634				
201 to 300		20,854	21,928	6,047	6,559	2,588	850	58,826				
301 to 400		16,777	14,751	2,363	3,279	775		37,945				
401 to 500		17,368	12,466	966	920		890	32,610				
501 to 750		20,613	17,173	4,357	4,155		1,291	47,589				
751 to 1,000		15,399	13,137	1,734	2,696		1,559	34,525				
Over 1,000		56,292	17,335	5,103	13,883	2,468	3,515	98,596				
Total		366,850	279,960	77,304	73,864	36,632	22,058	856,668				
Average per F	actory	24.14	24.05	21.23	25.78	13.14	18.01	22.93				

^{3.} Australia, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48.—In the following table factories in Australia during 1938-39 and each of the five years 1943-44 to 1947-48 are classified according to the number of persons engaged, in conformity with the practice prior to 1945-46.

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF PERSONS ENGAGED, AUSTRALIA.

		A	SINAL	173.				
•		Estal	olishments	Employ	ing on th	e Averag	0	
Year.	20 and	under.	21 to	100.	101 and	upwards.	То	tal.
	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons en- gaged.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons en- gaged.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons en- gaged.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persona en- gaged.
1938–39— Number Average per establishment	21,982	129,505	4,013	170,971	946	272,022	26,941	572,498
Percentage on total	81.59	22.62	14.90	29.86	3.51	47.52	100.00	100.00
Number Average per establishment	22,050	129,239	4,325	182,561	1,299	460,802 354.74	27,674	772,602 27.92
Percentage on total	79.68	16.73	15.63	23.63	4.69	59.64	100.00	100.00
Number Average per establishment	23,059	137,153	4,579	193,359	1,292	427,002	28,930	757,514 26.18
Percentage on total	79.70	5.95 18.11	15.83	42.23 25.52	4.47	330.50 56.37	100.00	100.00
Number	24,819	154,242	5,080	211,781	1,285	390,538	31,184	756,561
Average per establishment Percentage on total	79.59	20.39	16.29	27.99	4.12	303.92 51.62	100.00	24.26
1946–47— Number	27,676	173,371	5,771	239,768	1,321	399,881	34,768	813,020
Average per establishment		6.26		41.55		302.77		23.38
1947-48-	79.60	21.32	16.60	29.50	3.80	49.18	100.00	100.00
Number Average per establishment	29,947	187,085	6,014	249,858	1,395	419,725	37,356	856,668
Percentage on total	80.17	21.84	16.09	29.16	3.74	49.00	100.00	100.00

§ 3. Power Equipment in Factories.

1. General.—In 1936-37 statistics of power equipment in factories were collected on a basis different from that previously in use. Information now obtained relates to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use and of engines in reserve or idle, omitting obsolete engines. In addition, particulars of the power equipment of Central Electric Stations are collected in greater detail. To avoid duplication it is essential that some distinction should be made between Central Electric Stations and other classes of industries. In the following tables Central Electric Stations have been treated separately from other factories.

In par. 2 below, 1,322 factories are shown as using no power other than hand-power, the distribution of these factories among the various industries being as follows: Lime, Plaster and Asphalt, 17; Chemicals, Drugs and Medicines, 17; Galvanized Ironworking, Tinsmithing, 39; Ready-made Tailoring and Clothing, 372; Dressmaking, 117; Millinery, 45; Bakeries, 163; Cabinet and Furniture Making, 40; all other industries, 512.

2. Rated Horse-power of Engines in Factories other than Central Electric Stations.—
The following table shows the number of factories using steam, gas, oil, electricity, or water power, those using hand-power, and the rated horse-power of engines ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle during 1947-48:—

FACTORIES(a): RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES, 1947-48.

·	Numbe	r of Establishr	nents.		orse-power ngines.
State.	 Using Power.	Others.	Total.	Ordinarily in use.	In Reserve or Idle (omit- ting obsolete)
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia	 14,837 11,192 3,392 2,604 2,463	264 383 204 220 212	15,101 11,575 3,596 2,824 2,675	1,095,939 740,046 271,141 205,220 101,506	133,155 102,647 31,956 27,262 10,384
Tasmania	 35,671	1,322	36,993	2,535,567	322,115

⁽a) Excludes Central Electric Stations.

3. Rated Horse-power of Engines Ordinarily in Use.—(i) According to Type, States. Particulars of the types of engines ordinarily in use in each State and their rated horse-power are given in the next table:—

PACTORIES(a): TYPES AND RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES ORDINARILY IN USE. 1947-48.

			:		rse-power		s ordinar	ily in use.		
Stata	State.	Ste	am.	Intern	al Combi	ıstion.		Motors of		
State.		Recipro- cating.	Turbine.	Gas.	Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion, (c)	Total.
N.S.W. Victoria Queensland S. Australia W. Australia Tasmania		110,974 25,113 80,448 6,843 8,778 2,960	55,958 32,487 15,283 4,784 121 2,013	2,959 2,831 7,174 1,928 2,289	10,363 7,136 6,133 3,029 2,056 4,939	15,819 10,786 16,777 9,484 9,825 1,037	424 1,150 10 246	899,442 660,543 145,326 179,142 78,437 110,519	71,422 26,984 51,880 20,157 7,155	1,095,939 740,046 271,141 205,220 101,506 121,715
Australia		235,116	110,646	17,182	33,656	63,728	1,830	2,073,409	177,598	2,535,567

⁽a) Excludes Central Electric Stations.

⁽b) Excludes particulars in column (c).

(ii) According to Type, Australia. In the following table details of the horse-power of the various types of engines in use are given for Australia for the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39.

FACTORIES(a): TYPES AND RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES ORDINARILY IN USE, AUSTRALIA.

		ļ		Rated Ho	rse-power	of Engin	es ordina	rily in use			
Year.		Ste	am.	Intern	al Comb	istion.	Motors driven by electricity.				
		Recipro- cating.	Turbine.	Gas.	Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion. (c)	Total.	
1938-39		268,409	84,149	32,914	17,970	55,800	1,616	1,017,911		1,478,76	
1943-44		244,042	121,570	20,318	19,500	56,693	1,621	1,602,264		2,066,00	
1944-45		239,319	118,438	21,280	21,407	57,012	1,581	1,673,348		2,132,38	
1945-46	• •	236,378	117,736	20,481	23,876	56,189	1,737	1,755,036		2,211,43	
1946-47		234,752	110,292	18,522	29,283	58,262	1,964	1,912,926		2,366,00	
1947–48		235,116	110,646	17,182	33,656	63.728	1,830	2,073,409	177,598	2,535,56	

⁽a) Excludes Central Electric Stations.

(iii) In Classes of Industry, 1947-48. The next table shows the rated horse-power of engines ordinarily in use in the various classes of industry in each State during 1947-48.

FACTORIES(a): RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES ORDINARILY IN USE, 1947-48.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S.Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli-					;	-,	
ferous Mine and Quarry							ŀ
Products	52,293	39,625	9.399	10.361	5,862	13,542	131,082
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	33,951	20,149	4,084	4,855	4,091	1,060	68,190
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	_ 1			İ	1		
Paints, Oils and Grease	56,342	62,877	4,267	12,908	8,018	796	145,208
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	,			١ .		_	
Conveyances	532,428	199,132	60,508	91,989	26,019	38,099	948,175
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery				1]
and Plate	3,790	4,261	259	608	259	42	9,219
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)		c					0-0
VII. Skins and Leather (net Cloth-	35.257	67,015	3,311	6,624	1,454	5,123	118,784
ing or Footwear)	15,315	14,569	3,071	3,591	1,666	642	38,854
VIII, Clothing (except Knitted)	18,238	18,525	1,986			452	42,637
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	151,655	128,470	124,953	38,752	25,824	11,463	481,117
X. Woodworking and Basket-	132,033	120,470	****933	30,732	, 23,024	11,403	401,117
Ware	92,044	65,901	45,048	17,732	17,882	17,897	256,504
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,)-,-,-	-3,3	13,-1-	-7,73-	,,,,,,	-,,09,	2,0,,004
etc	12,769	10,671	5,100	4,384	3,093	1,301	37,318
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	,	, , ,) "	4,3.1	, 3, 33 ;	-,3	3,,3
Bookbinding, etc	36,256	54,896	5,543	7,241	4,287	30,673	138,896
XIII. Rubber	29,838	32,441	1,547	1,265		167	65,464
XIV. Musical Instruments	1,514	132	16	19	10		1,691
XV. Miscellaneous Products	12,654	13,333	569	1,228	347	303	28,434
Total, Classes I. to XV	1,084,344	731,997	269,661	203,660	100.351	121,560	2,511,573
XVI. Gas Works	11,595	8,049	1,480	1.560	1,155	155	23,994
Grand Total	1,095,939	740,046	271,141	205,220	101,506	121.715	2,535,567

⁽a) Excludes Central Electric Stations.

⁽b) Excludes particulars in column (c).

. 4. Capacity of Engines and Generators installed in Central Electric Stations.—
(i) According to Type, Australia. Particulars of the type and the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in Australia in 1947-48 are given in the following table:—

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS: POWER EQUIPMENT, AUSTRALIA, 1947-48.

		Capacity of Engines and Generators.										
Particulars.		Ste	eam.	Intern	al Comb	ustion.						
		Recipro-	Turbine.	Gas.	Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Total.				
Engines installed— Total installed Rate	d H.P.	21,173	2,458,760	21,040	3,985	167,413	375.596	3,047.9				
Generators installed— Kilowatt capacity— Total installed Effective capacity Maximum load	K.W.	13,936 13,561 12,493	1,822,523 1,610,163 1,519,895	14,525 11,299 9,690	3,921 3,791 2,394		270,927 244,480 243,096	2,235,304 1,982,885 1,864,298				
Horse-power equivalen Total installed Effective capacity Maximum load	t— H.P. "	18,683 18,179 16,748	2,443,183 2,158,506 2,037,495	19,472 15,147 12,990	5,256 5,082 3,210	146,753 133,507 102,860	363,191 327,737 325,883	2,996,538 2,658,158 2,499,186				

(ii) States. Details of the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in each State in 1947-48 are given in the next table.

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS: POWER EQUIPMENT, 1947-48.

Particular	Particulars.			Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Engines installed	Rated	H.P.	1,238,141	800,659	314,321	280,999	159,497	254.350	3,047,96
Generators installed— Kilowatt capacity— Total installed Effective capacity Maximum load	I	ζ.W. ,,,	962,688 839,612 771,484	530,799	162,050	189,812	103,390	157.222	1,982,885
Horse-power equival Total installed Effective capacity Maximum load		н.р. "	1,290,531 1,125,542 1.034,213	711,563	217,236	254.453	138,600	210,764	2,658,158

§ 4. Employment in Factories.

1. Number Engaged.—(1) General. All persons engaged in the manufacturing activities of a factory, including proprietors who work in their own business and "outworkers" (see par. 4 (ii) hereinafter) are counted as factory employees, while all those are excluded who are engaged in selling and distributing, such as salesmen, travellers, collectors, carters engaged solely on outward delivery of manufactured goods and retailing storemen. Prior to 1945-46 the classification of employment distinguished between (i) working proprietors; (ii) managers and overseers; (iii) accountants and olerks; (iv) enginedrivers and firemen; (v) workers, skilled and unskilled; (vi) carters and messengers; and (vii) others. This grouping, however, did not make adequate provision for measuring the development that has taken place in the employment of chemists and other research workers. As a result, the classification of factory employment was amended in 1945-46 to read as follows:-(i) Working proprietors; (ii) managerial and clerical staff including salaried managers and working directors; (iii) chemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff; (iv) foremen and overseers; (v) skilled and unskilled workers; (vi) carters (excluding delivery only), messengers and persons working regularly at home for factory, mill or workshop.

Prior to the year 1928-29 employment in factories was computed by dividing the sum of the number engaged each week by the number of weeks worked. The figures therefore, represented the average number engaged over the period worked, which, for many factories, was less than a full year. Commencing with the year 1928-29 the figure represents the equivalent average number engaged over a full year of fifty-two weeks. The classification of factories according to the number of persons engaged (see § 2 ante), however, is still based on the old method, but for all other purposes the average number engaged over the full year is used.

(ii) Australia, 1938-39 to 1947-48. Particulars of the number employed, the increase in employment and the rate per cent. of such increase are given for years 1938-39 to 1947-48 in the following table:—

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT, AUSTRA

	Males.				Females.			Persons.		
Year.	Year. Number					ise on is Year.			Increase on Previous Year.	
	ployed.	Number.	Per cent.	Em- ployed.	Number.	Per cent.	ployed.	Number.	Per cent	
1938-39 . 1939-40 .	426,934	3,989 14,343	0.98 3.48	152,515 160,729	1,957 8,214	1.30 5.39	565,106 587,663	5,946 22,557	1.06	
1940-41 . 1941-42 . 1942-43 -	524,383	46,124 51,325 11,187	10.80 10.85 2.13	177,015 200,959 223,475	16,286 23,944 22,516	10.13 13.53 11.20	050,073 725,342 759,045	62,410 75,269 33,703	10.62 11.58 4.65	
1943-44 . 1944-45 . 1945-46 .	535,893	3,571 -3,248 12,995	0.67 -0.60 2.42	227,365 214,686 196,370	3,890 -12,679 -18,316	1.74 -5.58 -8.53	766,506 750,579 745,258	7,451 -15,927 -5,321	0.98 -2.08 -0.71	
1946–47 . 1947–48 .	604,300	55,412 36,625	10.10 6.06	200,629 207,951	4,259 7,322	2.17 3.65	804,929 848,876	59,671 43,947	8.01 5.46	

NOTE.-Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

(iii) States, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. The following table shows, for each of the years 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48 (a) the average number of persons (including both sexes of all ages) engaged in manufacturing industries in each State; (b) for each State, the percentage of the total number engaged in Australia; and (c) the number engaged per ten thousand of the mean population in each State and Australia.

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT.

	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia
A	VERAGE NI	JMBER ENG	AGED DUR	ING FULL	YEAR (52	Weeks).	
	228,781 323,032 314,678 310,870 343,119 363,365	201,831 261,331 257,637 256,249 265,757 278,271	54,110 64,682 64,135 65,460 71,599 76,754	43,371 69,569 65,472 63,188 70,711 73,346	23,211 28,101 29,146 30,256 33,806 35,967	13,802 19,791 19,511 19,235 19,937 21,173	565,106 766,506 750,579 745,258 804,929 848,876
	J	PERCENTA	GE ON AU	STRALIAN '	FOTAL.		
	40.48 42.14 41.93 41.72 42.63 42.81	35.72 34.09 34.33 34.38 33.01 32.78	9.58 8.44 8.54 8.78 8.90 9.04	7.67 9.08 8.72 8.48 8.78 8.64	4.II 3.67 3.88 4.06 4.20 4.24	2.44 2.58 2.60 2.58 2.48 2.49	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
		AVERAGE NU 228,781 323,032 314,678 310,870 343,119 363,365 40.48 42.14 41.93 41.72 42.63	AVERAGE NUMBER ENG 228,781 201,831 323,032 261,331 314,678 257,637 310,870 256,249 343,119 265,757 363,365 278,271 PERCENTA 40.48 35.72 42.14 34.09 41.93 34.33 41.72 34.38 42.63 33.01	AVERAGE NUMBER ENGAGED DUB 228,781 201,831 54,110 323,032 261,331 64,682 314,678 257,637 64,135 310,870 256,249 65,460 343,119 265,757 71,599 363,365 278,271 76,754 PERCENTAGE ON AU 40.48 35.72 9.58 42.14 34.09 8.44 41.93 34.33 8.54 41.72 34.38 8.78 42.63 33.01 8.90	AVERAGE NUMBER ENGAGED DURING FULL 228,781 201,831 54,110 43,371 323,032 261,331 64,682 69,569 314,678 257,637 64,135 65,472 310,870 256,249 65,460 63,188 343,119 265,757 71,599 70,711 363,365 278,271 76,754 73,346 PERCENTAGE ON AUSTRALIAN ' 40.48 35.72 9.58 7.67 42.14 34.09 8.44 9.08 41.93 34.33 8.54 8.72 41.72 34.38 8.78 8.48 42.63 33.01 8.90 8.78	AVERAGE NUMBER ENGAGED DURING FULL YEAR (52 228,781 201,831 54,110 43,371 23,211 323,032 261,331 64,682 69,569 28,101 314,678 257,637 64,135 65,472 29,146 310,870 256,249 65,460 63,188 30,256 343,119 265,757 71,599 70,711 33,806 363,365 278,271 76,754 73,346 35,967 PERCENTAGE ON AUSTRALIAN TOTAL. 40.48 35.72 9.58 7.67 4.11 42.14 34.09 8.44 9.08 3.67 41.93 34.33 8.54 8.72 3.88 41.72 34.38 8.78 8.48 4.06 42.63 33.01 8.90 8.78 4.20	AVERAGE NUMBER ENGAGED DURING FULL YEAR (52 WEERS). 228,781 201,831 54,110 43,371 23,211 13,802 323,032 261,331 64,682 69,569 28,101 19,791 314,678 257,637 64,135 65,472 29,146 19,511 310,870 256,249 65,460 63,188 30,256 19,235 343,119 265,757 71,599 70,711 33,806 19,937 363,365 278,271 76,754 73,346 35,967 21,173 PERCENTAGE ON AUSTRALIAN TOTAL. 40.48 35.72 9.58 7.67 4.11 2.44 42.14 34.09 8.44 9.08 3.67 2.58 41.93 34.33 8.54 8.72 3.88 2.60 41.72 34.38 8.78 8.48 4.06 2.58 42.63 33.01 8.90 8.78 4.20 2.48

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT—continued.

Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
	<u></u>	PER	10,000 OF	POPULATI	ON.		
1938–39	836 1,125 1,085 1,060 1,158 1,209	1,078 1,319 1,289 1,272 1,303 1,345	537 613 600 604 653 690	729 1,129 1,051 1,002 1,104 1,124	497 588 601 617 680 707	581 811 790 769 783 809	815 1,054 1,021 1,003 1,070

2. Rates of Increase, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48.—The percentage increase on the average number of persons engaged in the preceding year is shown below for each State for 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48.

FACTORIES: ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASE OF PERSONS ENGAGED.

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39	 1.74	0.02	3.82	-1.62	0.34	4.80	1.06
1943-44	2.38	-0.39	0.61	-4.37	8.86	8.09	0.98
1944-45	-2.59	-1.41	-0.85	-5.89	3.72	-1.41	-2.08
1945-46	-1.21	-0.54	2.07	-3.49	3.81	-1.41	-0.71
1946-47	10.37	3.71	9.38	11.91	11.73	3.65	8.01
1947-48	5.90	4.71	7.20	3.73	6.39	6.20	5.46

Note.-Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Persons Engaged in Classes of Industry.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the average number of persons engaged in factories under each industrial group in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48.

FACTORIES: PERSONS ENGAGED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, AUSTRALIA.

Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945–46.	1946–47.	1947-48
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine						
and Quarry Products	10,343	7,701	7,933	9,929	12,673	14,263
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc		9,616	10,459	13,466	16,535	17,536
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints	1		,,,,,		1	!
Oils and Grease	19,816	42,551	36,340	31,471	31,252	31,808
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-				İ		1
ances		341,030	319,314	292,477	300,921	320,948
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and Plate	3,726	2,373	2,399	3,240	4,921	6,069
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)		58,539	57,204	55,008	59,810	61,911
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or			ŀ			
Footwear)		12,708	12,474	14,492	16,080	15,624
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	86,092	80,692	86,391	93,370	106,894	111,693
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco		101,630	105,194	105,878	109,840	113,595
X. Woodworking and Basketware		34,827	35,382	38,346	43,457	47,052
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.		9,563	9,930	13,107	16,579	18,546
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-				•		
binding, etc		35,193	36,726	39,905	46,651	47,813
XIII. Rubber		7,961	7,970	8,699	10,173	10,753
XIV. Musical Instruments		353	392	459	788	887
XV. Miscellaneous Products		12,699	13,018	14,838	17.059	18,235
Total, Classes I. to XV	555,677	757,436	741,126	734,685	793,633	836,733
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	9.429	9.070	9:453	10,573	11,296	12,143
Grand Total		766,506	750,579	745,258	804,929	848,876

Following the outbreak of war in the Pacific in 1941, the transfer of man-power to the more essential industries became apparent, and industries not directly concerned with Australia's war effort showed a marked decline. The industries which declined were those in Class I., Mine and Quarry Products; Class II., cBricks, Pottery, Glass, etc. Class V., Precious Metals; Class VIII., Clothing; Class XI., Furniture; and Class XII.

Paper, etc., while industries where the war-time expansion in employment occurred were those in Class III., Chemicals, etc.; Class IV., Metals, etc.; Class VI., Textiles; Class VII., Skins and Leather; and Class IX., Food.

Following some downward movement from war-time levels of employment which occurred in Class III., Chemicals, etc.; Class IV., Metals, etc.; and Class VI., Textiles in 1945–46, there was a general upward trend in 1946–47, and this continued in respect of each class of industry in 1947–48.

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers engaged in each industrial class are shown in the following table for each State:—

FACTORIES: PERSONS ENGAGED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1947-48.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli-	ļ				1		1
ferous Mine and Quarry Products	* 0.56	4,263	1,423	1,071	1,007	543	14,263
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	5.956 9.845	4,124	952	1.577	851	187	17.536
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	9.043	41124	932	1.3//	031	10,	17,1330
Paints, Oils and Grease	14.914	11,030	1,141	3,008	1,540	175	31,808
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	14.9.4	11,030	,.4-	, 3,000	1,540	-/3	1 3-,
Conveyances	153,367	89,771	24,162	35,165	12,422	6,061	320,948
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery	-33,3%	29,77-	,	33,3	,	-,	3-73-
and Plate	2,183	3,029	257	359	214	27	6,060
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1 -,5	1 313		507		•	! ' '
(not Dress)	21.759	32,745	1,461	2.579	605	2,762	61,911
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-		1 0 11 10	i ''			•	i
ing or Footwear)	6,374	5,518	1,329	1,485	640	278	15,624
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	46.747	44,506	7,825	7,165	4,511	939	111,693
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	37.541	35,708	20,091	. 10,235	5,769	4,251	113,595
X. Woodworking and Basketware	17.030	11.826	8,772	3,147	3,552	2,725	47,052
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,		1			1		
etc	7,098	5,077	2,620	1,815	1,305	631	18,546
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	l	1	:		_	_	
Bookbinding, etc	20.979	15.674	4,119	3.010	1,969	2,062	47,813
XIII. Rubber	5,037	4,242	793	483	106	92	10,753
XIV. Musical Instruments	657	123	32	51	24		887
XV. Miscellaneous Products	8.904	7,320	584	756	412	259	18,235
Total, Classes I. to XV.	358.391	274,956	75.56I	71,906	34.927	20,992	836,733
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	4,974	3,315	1,193	1,440	1,040	181	12,143
Grand Total	363.365	278,271	76,754	73,346	35,967	21,173	848,876

4. Persons Engaged According to Occupational Status.—(i) General. In the following table the average number of persons engaged in each State during 1947-48 are classified according to their occupational status. As mentioned previously, persons employed in factories are now classified on a basis different from that adopted prior to 1945-46. The nature of this change is indicated in § 4 (i).

PERSONS ENGAGED: OCCUPATIONAL STATUS, 1947-48.

		Ave	rage Numl	per of Pers	ons Engag	ged.	
State.	Working Pro- prietors.	Manager- ial and Clerical Staff, etc.(a)	Chemists, Drafts- men, etc.	Foremen and Overseers.	Workers in Factory (Skilled and Un- skilled).	Carters (excluding Delivery only) and Messen- gers, etc. (b)	Total.
New South Wales	12,283	35,939	4,269	13,753	294,699	2,422	363,365
Victoria	9,774	26,753	3,120	10,972	225,515	2,137	278,271
Queensland	3,022	6,821	552	2,460	63,241	658	76,754
South Australia	2,015	7,492	893	2,734	59,843	369	73,346
Western Australia.	2,021	2,618	237	1,216	29,736	139	35,967
Tasmania	828	1,878	258	816	17,249	144	21,173
Australia	29,943	81,501	9,329	31,951	690,283	5,869	848,876

⁽a) Includes salaried managers and working directors.

⁽b) Includes persons working regularly

- (ii) Outworkers. The term "outworker" or "homeworker" has acquired a special meaning in connexion with manufacturing industries, and technically embraces only those to whom work is given out by factory owners to be done in the employees' own homes. Details of the numbers of outworkers employed for years up to 1944-45 were shown on page 1048 of Official Year Book No. 37 and in earlier issues. Owing to the altered classification of employment adopted in 1945-46, persons working regularly at home for factories are now included with carters and messengers and separate details of the numbers of homeworkers are no longer available.
- 5. Monthly Employment, 1938-39 and 1944-45 to 1948-49.—The number of persons employed in factories (excluding working proprietors) on the pay-day nearest to the 15th of each month is shown in the following table for the years 1938-39 and 1944-45 to 1948-49.

FACTORIES: MONTHLY EMPLOYMENT, AUSTRALIA.

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MALES.

July		387,693	518,841	518,734	571,662	602,188	624,926
August		389,979	518,672	519,122	579,354	606,142	625,294
September		391,576	517,013	511,909	583,281	608,934	625,316
October		393,977	516,152	505,753	584,007	608,651	624,833
November		395,192	515,695	503,296	575,255	608,531	627,069
December		394,438	515,384	489,040	564,055	608,135	624,764
January		385,742	512,269	513,396	565,550	608,046	627,716
February		392,056	513,880	533,761	574,034	609,111	630,145
March		395,146	515,455	543,347	578,469	610,476	633,858
April		391,005	514,414	547,253	580,792	619,963	633,050
May		393,609	513,232	553,980	589,070	622,665	635,979
June		390,973	514,501	558,428	593,202	625,019	623,319
Mean		391.780	515,459	524,835	578,228	611,488	628,022

FEMALES.

		_	_	ļ		_ [
July		147,282	217,633	204,705	193,337	200,857	208,827
August		149,294	216,491	204,150	195,225	201,697	209,626
September		151,159	215,491	199,331	196,271	203,009	211,801
October		152,473	213,686	193,587	197,480	204,329	212,861
November		152,806	212,604	191.689	197,874	204,931	213,799
December	••	151,165	211,507	183,899	196,748	203,568	212,345
January		141,853	207,464	184,810	193,565	200,980	209,107
February		151,883	210,401	188,632	198,264	205,741	213,311
March		154,854	212,206	192,699	200,737	208,250	215,600
April		152,614	209,147	192,084	199,467	208,488	215,239
May		150,693	207,556	192,215	199,341	207,385	215,633
June	• •	148,601	206,335	192,137	199,893	208,041	210,337
Mean		150,390	211,710	193,328	197,350	204,773	212,374

FACTORIES: MONTHL	Y EMPLOYMENT	. AUSTRALIA—continued.
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M	onth.		1938-39.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.	1948–49. (a)					
Persons.													
July August September October November December			534,975 539,273 542,735 546,450 547,998 545,603	736,474 735,163 732,504 729,838 728,299 726,891	723,439 723,272 711,240 699,340 694,985 672,939	764,999 774,579 779,552 781,487 773,129 760,803	803,045 807,839 811,943 812,980 813,462 811,703	833,753 834,920 837,117 837,694 840,868 837,109					
January February March April May June			527,595 543,939 550,000 543,619 544,302 539,574	719,733 724,281 727,661 723,561 720,788 720,836	698,206 722,393 736,046 739,337 746,195 750,565	759,115 772,298 779,206 780,259 788,411 793,095	809,026 814,852 818,726 828,451 830,050 833,060	836,823 843,456 849,458 848,289 851,612 833,656					
Mean			542,170	727,169	718,163	775,578	816,261	840,396					

⁽a) Preliminary estimates.

6. Distribution of Employees According to Age.—(i) States. The extension of statistics of employment in factories, decided upon at the Conference of Australian Statisticians held in 1945, permits of a distribution of employees (excluding working proprietors) into seven age-groups from 1945—46 onwards, instead of three as in previous years. The particulars are collected as at June. The numbers employed in each age-group in June, 1948, are given below:—

FACTORIES: DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES ACCORDING TO AGE, JUNE, 1948. (Excluding Working Proprietors.)

	Age Groups.		n.s.w.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.			
			<u> </u>		MALES.				<u>!</u>			
	der 16 years		2,125	2,743	1,265	732	704	165	7,734			
6	years		4,702	3,220	1,440	871	802	299	11,334			
7	,,		6,037	3,684	1,687	1,060	888	393	13,749			
8	,,		6,555	3,983	1,736	1,139	872	460	14,74			
9	,,		6,493	3,943	1,607	1,167	759	435	14,40			
0	,,		6,392	4,021	1,650	1,255	812	456	14,586			
I	" and over		232,867	171,096	54,426	51,817	23,590	14,671	548,46			
	Total		265,171	192,690	63,811	58,041	28,427	16,879	625,01			
FEMALES.												
Jn	der 16 years	•••	1,831	2,564	955	722	357	120	6,54			
6	years		3,696	2,940	876	673	532	195	8,912			
7	,, · ·		4,729	3,374	961	734	681	286	10,76			
8	,,		5,292	3,666	959	816	615	297	11,64			
9	,,		5,012	3,418	902	743	472	290	10,83			
0	,,		4,599	3,229	785	726	451	252	10,042			
I	" and over		65,074	59,915	7,968	10,062	3,410	2,862	149,29			
	Total		90,233	79,106	13,406	14,476	6,518	4,302	208,04			
				Pr	ERSONS.							
n	ler 16 years		3,956	5,307	2,220	1,454	1,061	285	14,28			
6	rears		8,398	6,160	2,316	1,544	1,334	494	20,246			
7`	,,		10,766	7,058	2,648	1,794	1,569	679	24,514			
8	,,		11,847	7,649	2,695	1,955	1,487	757	26,390			
9	,,		11,505	7,361	2,509	1,910	1,231	725	25,24			
0	,,		10,991	7,250	2,435	1,981	1,263	708	24,628			
Ţ	" and over		297,941	231,011	62,394	61,879	27,000	17,533	697,758			
	Total		355,404	271,796	77,217	72,517	34,945	21,181	833,060			

⁽ii) Australia. As comparative details based on the new age grouping are not available for the years prior to 1945-46, the following table shows the age distribution in sexes for Australia in June, 1939 and 1944 to 1948 on the old basis.

FACTORIES: DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES ACCORDING TO AGE, AUSTRALI A (Excluding Working Proprietors.)

			(358)	nuumig 11	OI KILLE I	opricuors.	·,		
Y T		Under 1	6 Years.	16 and t	inder 21 ars.	Ađı	ılts.	To	tal.
In Ju	пве—	No.	Per Cent.	No. Per Cent.		No.	Per Cent.	No.	Per. Cent.
	'		·		Males.		·	•	<u>·</u> — -
1939	٠	16,109	4.12	76,418	19.55	298,446	76.33	390,973	100
1944		13,114	2.53	64,990	12.54	440,072	84.93	518,176	100
1945		11,706	2.28	66,875	13.00	435,920	84.72	514,501	100
1946		9,016	1.61	69,413	12.43	479,999	85.96	558,428	100
1947		7,998	1.35	71,194	12.00	514,010	86.65	593,202	100
1948		7,734	1.24	68,818	11.01	548,467	87.75	625,019	100
				F	EMALES.				
1939		15,497	10.43	56,273	37.87	76,831	51.70	148,601	100
1944		9,445	4.34	60,844	27.98	147,141	67.68	217,430	100
1945		9,178	4.45	56,158	27.22	140,999	68.33	206,335	100
1946		7,881	4.10	53,018	27.59	131,238	68.31	192,137	100
1947		7,401	3.70	52,805	26.42	139,687	69.88	199,893	100
1948		6,549	3.15	52,201	25.09	149,291	71.76	1 208,041	100
-				F	ERSONS.				
1939		31,606	5.86	132,691	24.59	375,277	69.55	539,574	100
1944		22,559	3.07	125,834	17.11	587,213	79.82	735,606	100
1945		20,884	2.90	123,033	17.07	576,919	80.03	720,836	100
1946		16,897	2.25	122,431	16.31	611,237	81.44	750,565	100
1947		15,399	1.94	123,999	15.64	653,697	82.42	793,095	100
1948		14,283	1.71	121,019	14.53	697,758	83.76	833,060	100

§ 5. Sex Distribution in Factories.

1. Distribution According to Sex of Persons Engaged.—(i) General. In New South Wales the ratio of the number of females engaged in factories to the number of males during 1886 was about one to seven; in 1891 one to six; in 1903 it became about one to four; and in 1947-48 was one to three. In Victoria the ratio of females to males during the year 1886 was about one to five. Five years later (1891) it was somewhat less, but in 1896 had increased to about one to three, and in 1947-48 was about one to two. In the remaining States the ratio in 1947-48 was roughly one female engaged to every four males. For Australia as a whole the ratio of females employed in factories was highest in 1943-44 at about two females to five males but by 1947-48 the ratio had declined to the level of one female to three males.

(ii) Average Number of Males and Females Engaged. The following table shows the average number of males and females engaged in factories in each State for 1938-39 and the five years 1943-44 to 1947-48:--

	ACI	ORIES:	MALES AN	D FEMALE	S ENGAG	ED	
State.		1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945–46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
			MAL	ES.		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
New South Wales		167,172	226,824	223,770	227,454	255,733	272,600
Victoria	'	136,218	175,078	174,424	178,951	188,758	199,003
Queensland		43,941	50,822	51,483	53,587	59,309	63,526
South Australia		35,406	50,660	49,056	49,523	56,739	59,071
Western Australia		18,704	21,060	22,404	24,268	27,575	29,517
Tasmania		11,150	14,697	14,756	15,105	16,186	17.208
Australia	[412,591	539,141	535,893	548,888	604,300	640,925
			Fема	LES.			
New South Wales		61,609	96,208	90,908	83,416	87,386	90,765
Victoria		65,613	86,253	83,213	77,298	76,999	79,268
Queensland		10,169	13,860	12,652	11,873	12,290	13,228
South Australia		7,965	18,909	16,416	13,665	13,972	14,275
Western Australia		4,507	7,041	6,742	5,988	6,231	6,450
Tasmania		2,652	5,094	4,755	4,130	3,751	3,965
Australia	••	152,515	227,365	214,686	196,370	200,629	207,951

2. Rate of Variation for each Sex.—The percentages of increase or decrease on the average numbers of males and females engaged in the preceding year are shown below for the years 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48:—

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASES OF MALES AND FEMALES ENGAGED.

State.		1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945–46.	1946–47.	1947-48.				
Males.											
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania		1.69 0.04 3.79 -2.39 -0.30 4.40	1.42 -0.15 1.11 -4.04 8.00 5.42	-1.35 -0.37 1.30 -3.17 6.38 0.40	1.65 2.60 4.09 0.95 8.32 2.37	12.43 5.48 10.68 14.57 13.63 7.16	6.60 5.43 7.11 4.11 7.04 6.31				
Total		0.98	0.67	-o.6o	2.42	10.10	6.06				
			FEMA	LES.							
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania		1.88 -0.03 3.96 1.98 3.06 6.51	4.74 -0.88 -0.77 -5.24 II.55 16.59	$ \begin{array}{r} -5.51 \\ -3.52 \\ -8.72 \\ -13.18 \\ -4.25 \\ -6.65 \end{array} $	-8.24 -7.11 -6.16 -16.76 -11.18 -13.14	4.76 -0.39 3.51 2.25 4.06 -9.18	3.87 2.95 7.63 2.17 3.51 5.71				
Total		1.30	1.74	-5.58	-8.53	2.17	3.65				

NOTE.—The minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Masculinity of Persons Engaged in Factories.—The extent to which females are engaged in the factories of Australia may perhaps be more clearly shown by giving the masculinity of persons engaged in each State. The following table shows particulars for the years 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: MASCULINITY(a) OF PERSONS ENGAGED.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
1938-39	•••	271	208	432	445	415	420	271
1943-44	• •	236	203	367	268	299	289	237
1944-45		246	210	407	299	332	310	250
1945-46		273	232	451	362	405	366	280
1946-47		293	245	483	406	443	432	301
1947~48		300	251	480	414	458	434	308

⁽a) Number of males per 100 females.

For a number of years prior to 1926–27 there were on the average 300 males engaged in factories for every 100 females, but in that year the proportion of males began to fall with the increasing activity in the clothing and textile industries, in which the number of females to males is relatively high. As these trades were not so seriously affected by the depression as the heavier industries, the proportion of males continued to fall, until in 1932–33 there were only 239 males engaged to every 100 females. With the recovery of employment in the heavier industries subsequent to that year, the proportion of males per 100 females had increased to 271 in 1937–38 and 1938–39.

The decrease in masculinity from 1938-39 to 1943-44 resulted from the enlistment of men in the armed services and the expansion of industry caused by the war. In many industries the younger men were released for service in the defence forces and large numbers of women were absorbed as an adjustment to the industrial effort of Australia. Following the cessation of hostilities in 1945 and the return of servicemen to civilian life, the number of females employed in factories declined and masculinity increased. In 1947-48 there were 308 males per 100 females employed in factories, compared with 271 in 1938-39.

4. Employment of Females in Particular Industries.—(i) General. The greater number of females in manufacturing industries are engaged in four classes, namely:—IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, etc.; VI., Textiles; VIII., Clothing; and IX., Food, Drink and Tobacco. In 1947–48 these industries accounted for 86.16 per cent. of all females in factories. In two classes only did the number of females exceed the number of males, namely, in Class VI., Textiles, where there were 109 females to every 100 males and in Class VIII., Clothing, with 245 females per 100 males. The following tables show the average number of males and females engaged in each of these classes in 1947–48:—

MALES AND FEMALES ENGAGED IN PARTICULAR INDUSTRIES, 1947-48.

Class.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Тав.	Aust.
		Males.	·	·	·		
IV. Industrial Metals, etc. VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	139,250	81,047	23,037	32,129	11,881	5,812	293,156
(not Dress)	10,075	15,629	790	1,355	305	1,412	29,566
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	13,163	13,524	1,962	2,045	1,293	366	32,353
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	25,915	26,169	17,293	7.876	4,504	3,066	84,823
All Other Classes	84,197	62,634	20,444	15,666	11,534	6,552	201,027
Total	272,600	199,003	63,526	59.071	29.517	17,208	640,925
	:	FEMALES	3.				
IV. Industrial Metals, etc. VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	14,117	8,724	1,125	3.036	541	249	27,792
(not Dress)	11,684	17,116	671	1,224	300	1,350	32,345
VIII. Clothing (except knitted)	33,584	30,982	5,863	5,120	3,218	573	79,340
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	11,626	9,539	2,798	2,359	1,265	1,185	28,772
All Other Classes	19,754	12,907	2,771	2,536	1,126	608	39,702
Total	90,765	79,268	13,228	14,275	6,450	3,965	207,951

(ii) Females Engaged in Clothing Trade. The employment of females in the several industries of Class VIII., Clothing—in which class the largest number of females is employed—and the relation of their number to that of the males so engaged are shown in the following table:—

FEMALES ENGAGED IN CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, 1947-48.

	Nev	South W	ales.		Victoria.		(ther State	8.
Industry.	Males.	Females.	Feminity.	Males.	Females.	Feminity.	Males.	Females.	Femi- ninity. (a)
Tailoring and Ready-	} .	1 1			! !))	
made Clothing	3,298	15,723	477	2,588	6,326	244	1,747	5,693	326
Waterproof and Oil-	3,-90	25,743	4//	-,500	0,520	-44	-,,4/	3,093	320
skin Clothing	61	252	413	98	306	312	12	82	683
Dressmaking, Hem-	1	"-	4-3		3	3		1 1	003
stitching	130	2,170	1,676	1,171	10.116	864	184	3,618	1,966
Millinery	192	1,282	668	243	1,073	442	50	655	1,310
Shirts, Collars and	1	· 1		1	' ' '				-,5
Underclothing	634	4,858	766	520	3,946	759	164	1,758	1,072
Foundation Gar-		" "	•		: 5,5.	,		-,,,,=	-,-,-
ments	113	1,276	1,129	167	975	584	25	188	752
Handkerchiefs, Ties		1		i i			1	1 1	
and Scarves	146	811	555	73	409	560	4	13 (325
Hats and Caps	668	645	97	461		56	28	120	461
Gloves	115	393	342	135	498	369	29	122	421
Boots and Shoes	3,763	3.863	103	5,629	5,410	96	1,986	1,579	`8o
Boot and Shoe Re-			_		1	-			
pairing	1,497	90 1	6	763	26	3	643	30	` 5
Boot and Shoe Ac-		l i			1 :	_			-
cessories	271	233	86	116	178	153	23	j rj	4
Umbrellas and Walk-	l	1			i !		1		
ing Sticks	33	66 '	200	16	47	29.4	10	23	230
Dyeworks and Clean-		I 1			: :	-		[-
ing (including Re-	ļ	1 1			; 1			1 1	
novating and		1 i	_		!			1	
Repairing)	2,220	1,793	81	1.491	1,197	8a	761	869	114
Other	22	120	545	53	218	4 I I		14	(b)
Total	13,163	33,584	255	13,524	30,982	229	5,666	14,774	261

⁽a) Number of females per 100 males.

⁽b) Not applicable.

§ 6. Child Labour in Factories.

- 1. Conditions of Child Labour.—The employment of young persons in factories in the States is regulated by Acts of Parliament, as is the case with the employment of female labour. The object of the restrictions imposed is to ensure, amongst other things, that a proper period shall be devoted to primary education, and that the early years of labour shall not exhaust the worker before the attainment of full growth.
- 2. Number of Children Engaged, 1939 and 1944 to 1948.—In the returns for the various States, the term "child" denotes any person under sixteen years of age. The decline in the number of children employed from the peak of 33,553 reached in June, 1940 to 14,283 in June, 1948, which is most marked in all States excepting Western Australia, was probably caused by several factors, including (i) the raising of the school leaving age in New South Wales and Tasmania, (ii) fewer children available for employment owing to the decline in the birth rate which occurred about 1929, and (iii) the high level of employment which enabled parents to keep their children at school beyond the statutory leaving age.

The following table shows the number of children of each sex employed in manufacturing industries in June of the years 1939 and 1944 to 1948.

F	ACTOR	IES : CH	ILDREN	ENGAGE	D, JUNE.		
State.		1939.	1944.	1945.	1946.	1947.	1948.
			MALES.			''	
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tesmania		5,759 6,167 1,790 1,296 705 392	3,881 5,031 1,732 1,232 753 485	3,287 4,607 1,567 1,066 763 416	2,451 3,449 1,237 829 739 311	2,186 2,929 1,236 788 673 186	2,125 2,743 1,265 73 ² 704 165
Australia		16,109	13,114	11,706	9,016	7,998	7,734
			FEMALES.				
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania		7,084 5,005 1,334 1,053 521 500	356	2,870 3,609 992 1,017 338 352	2,265 3,007 1,020 885 478 226	2,094 2,810 998 884 454 161	1,831 2,564 955 722 357 120
Australia		15,497	9,445	9,178	7,881	7,401	6,549
			TOTAL.				
New South Wales Victoria		12,843 11,172 3,124 2,349 1,226 892	6,895 8,762 2,749 2,252 1,109 792	6,157 8,216 2,559 2,083 1,101 768	4,716 6,456 2,257 1,714 1,217 537	4,280 5,739 2,234 1,672 1,127 347	3,956 5,307 2,220 1,454 1,061 285
Australia		31,606	22,559	20,884	16,897	15,399	14,283

3. Percentage of Children on Total Number of Persons Engaged.—The following table shows the percentage of children on the total number of persons engaged in the various states in June of each of the six years 1939 and 1944 to 1948. In 1948 the percentage was highest in Western Australia and lowest in New South Wales.

PERCENTAGE OF CHILDREN ON TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS ENGAGED. (Excluding Working Proprietors.)

		June—								
State.	1939.	1944.	1945.	1946.	1947.	1948.				
New South Wales Victoria	 5.85 5.81 6.01 5.78 5.61 6.78	2.23 3.51 4.31 3.42 4.03 4.07	2.04 3.32 4.14 3.33 3.84 4.09	1.48 2.53 3.63 2.64 3.99 2.77	1.26 2.20 3.14 2.41 3.40 1.75	1.11 1.95 2.88 2.01 3.04 1.35				
Australia	 5.86	3.07	2.90	2.25	1.94	1.71				

^{4.} Industries Employing Child Labour.—The distribution of children employed in factories in June, 1948, and the percentage on the total number employed are given in the following table according to the class of industry:—

FACTORIES: CHILDREN EMPLOYED, BY CLASSES, JUNE, 1948.

Class of Industry.	Children 1	Employed.		Number yed.(a)	Children Number	tage of on Total Employed. a)
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous					!	
Mine and Quarry Products	99	1 8	13,425	461	0.74	1.74
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	119	23	16.489		0.72	1.90
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives.	1	i			1	
Paints, Oils and Grease	147	164	24,367	7,845	0.60	2.09
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines.		1 .	1,,5	11-45		,
Conveyances	3,254	561	289,062	28,556	1.13	1.96
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and	3,-34		3,	1		
Plate	108	27	4,625	903	2.34	2.99
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not	1	1		, ,,,	1	
Dress)	638	1,115	29,830	32,700	2.14	3.41
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing	,	, ,	, ,, ,	" "		3-4-
or Footwear)	117	82	11,687	3,458	1.00	2.37
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	563	3.292	28,191	79,531	2.00	4.14
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	891	569	82,438	27,538	1.08	2.07
X. Woodworking and Basketware	466	35	42,296	1,821	1.10	1.92
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	512	58	14,933	2.623	3.43	2,21
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	1	-	11,500	, ,	5 15	
Bookbinding, etc	542	402	34,116	12,924	1.59	3.11
XIII. Rubber	74	39	8,964	2,269	0.83	1.72
XIV. Musical Instruments	14	4	734	146	1.91	2.74
XV. Miscellaneous Products	163	160	11,520	5.962	1.41	2.83
A V. Miscondinous Troducts						
Total, Classes I. to XV.	7,707	6,548	612,677	207,949	1.26	3.15
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	27	1	12,342	92	0.22	1.09
Grand Total	7.734	6,549	625,019	208,041	1.24	3.15

⁽a) Excludes working proprietors.

^{5.} Apprenticeship.—In all the States, acts are in force for the regulation of the age at which children may be employed in gainful occupations. Legislative provision is also made for the regulation of apprenticeship under the various State Factories Acts or Arbitration Acts. These acts, while laying down general principles, leave to the wages tribunals the actual determination of the conditions under which apprentices may be employed.

§ 7. Salaries and Wages Paid and Value of Production.

NOTE.—In all tables relating to salaries and wages paid in factories the amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded.

- 1. General.—The importance of the manufacturing industries of Australia is indicated by the fact that the total value of the output for 1947-48 was £1,210,119,397. of which amount £683,729,030 represented the value of the materials used, including containers, etc., tools replaced and repairs to plant and buildings, and £37.093,719 the value of the power, fuel and light used. The difference between the sum of the last two amounts and the value of the output, namely £489,296,648, represents the value of production as defined by the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925, i.e. "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production." The total amount of salaries and wages paid in factories in 1947-48 was £285,765,264. This figure, which excludes amounts drawn by working proprietors, was the highest ever recorded and shows an increase of £48,591,498 or 20.49 per cent. on that for the previous year.
- 2. Salaries and Wages Paid.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1947-48. The amounts of salaries and wages paid in the various classes of industry in each State are shown in the following table:—

FACTORIES: SALARIES AND WAGES PAID, 1947-48.

		(;	£.)				
Class of Industry.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
I. Treatment of Non- metalliferous Mine					i		
and Quarry Pro-	2,326,204	1,522,682	498,254	377,818	322,508	180,403	5,227,871
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	3.589.325	1,441,108	305,788	554,939	259,989	61,810	6,212,959
plosives, Paints, Oils and Grease	5,504,866	4,205,4831	386.315	1,071.828	553,488	57.033	11,779,013
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-			į				
v. Precious Metals,		' !	!				119,090,478
Jeweilery and Plate VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dre-s)		9,800,202	60,013 370,162			,	1,925,632
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Foot-		. 1				100,300	10,304,022
wear) VIII. Clothing (except Knit-		2,004,176					5,550,651
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco		11,519,717					27,209,883 37,928,696
X. Woodworking and Basketware		3,835,538			1,057.840		14,714,420
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	2,230,181	1.524.951	735,284	510.172	327.718	150,900	5,479,209
KII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book- binding, etc.	7 407 062	5,579,463	1 271 801	967.928	625,943	7.2 776	16,689,066
XIII. Rubber		1.737.575	249.553	145.332	27.686	24,571	1,209.849
XV. Miscellaneous Pro- ducts		2.324.419					
Total, Classes I. to XV.	122.957.136	92,257,166	23,656.540	24.280,010	10,306,816	6,789.598	280,247,296
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	2.388.742	1,545,022	506,676	572,958	428.831	75.739	5,517,968
Grand Total	125,345,878	93,802,188	24,163,216	24,852,998	10,735,647	6,865,337	285.765,264

⁽ii) Totals and Averages, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. The following statement shows the total amount of salaries and wages paid, and the average amount paid per employee in each State, for each of the years indicated. The average wage paid is not comparable with that shown in similar tables in issues of the Official Year Book prior

to No. 23, 1930, on account of the change in the method of computing the average number of hands employed, as explained earlier. The figures exclude working proprietors and the amounts drawn by them:—

FACTORIES: TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES PAID.

Year.	Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
1938-39	Total amount paid				8,169,350			106,743,002
1943-44	Average per employee Total amount paid				195.57		188.31 5.103,603	196.31
	Average per employee Total amount paid	297-45	291.85	288.27	275.00	273.44	270.85	291.16
	Average per employee				17,246,148 269.53			207,651,800 285.21
1945-46	Total amount paid Average per employee			18,011,966 285.00	16,769,768 272.71			205,818,73
1946-47	Total amount paid	103,587,559	77,993,765	20,310,541	20,538,958	9,105,010	5,637,933	237,173,760
1947-48	Average per employee Total amount paid	312.12 125,345,878						305.12
· · ·	Average per employee							

In comparing the figures in the preceding table, regard should be paid to the nature of certain industries which are carried on to a greater extent in some States than in others. In Victoria, for instance, there is a large number of hands employed in Class VIII., Clothing, comprising a relatively high percentage of women and children. The highest average wages per employee in 1947-48 were paid in New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia in that order.

The average earnings per employee rose annually from 1938-39 to 1943-44 when a record high level of £291 was attained as a result of war-time conditions. In 1944-45 the average dropped to £285 and remained at this level in 1945-46. In 1946-47 average earnings rose again, and in 1947-48 reached a new record level of almost £349.

(iii) Earnings of Males and Females, 1947-48. The following table shows the approximate amount of salaries and wages paid to males and females in each class of industry in each State during the year 1947-48:—

SALARIES AND WAGES: MALE AND FEMALE FACTORY EMPLOYEES, 1947-48.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
**************************************		Ма	LES.	· · · · · · ·	-		·
I. Treatment of No metalliferous M	n-						•
	ro-			!	1		
ducts		1,490,845	490,653	369,760	317,287	177,404	5,118,05
II. Bricks, Pottery, Gla	2 461 527	1,360,080	301,109	526.217	253,055	60,998	5.973.110
III. Chemicals, Dves, I	Ex- 3,401,327	1,300,000	301,109	330:347	~33,033	00,990	3,973,710
plosives, Paints,							
and Grease IV. Industrial Mete	4,572,114	3,634,446	337,671	972,071	523,652	52,652	10,092,006
Alachines, Conv					!		
ances	55,147,749	31,517,807	7,624,552	12,529,961	3,849,360	2,209,430	112,878,859
V. Precious Meta Jewellery and Pl		939,266	F 7.	94.897	56.074	5,664	
VI. Textiles and Text		939,200	54.471	94.097	30,074	3,004	1,743,045
Goods (not Dre	ess) 3,861,368	6,084,067	243,933	513.599	99,704	519.259	11,321,930
VII. Skins and Leather (1					
Clothing or Fo		! 1,775.123	414,167	510.052	102.762	110,274	4,805,462
VIII. Clothing (except K)	nit-						•
ted)	4,421.490	+,696,446	572,068	597,667	311,844	108,726	10,708,241
IX. Food, Drink a	nd 0.807.083	10,004,683	6,540,714	2 800 772	1.588.257	1,079.390	31,820.899
	and ,	_			1,300,237	2,079.390	32,020,099
Basketware	5,333.589	3,740.917	2,506,656	953,229	1,051,604	766,764	14,352,759
XI. Furniture of Wo Bedding, etc.		1.386.014	695,835	161 767	306 599	144,244	4.955.509
XII. Paper, Statione		1,360.014	093,033	402,707	300 399	144,1241	4.955.509
Printing, Boo	ok-				1		
binding, etc.		4,769,921					14,105,165
XIII. Rubber XIV. Musical Instrument	1.823,343 ts 196,959						3.735,729 264,894
XV. Miscellaneous P	ro-					l · :	
ducts		1.705.066					
Total, Classes I. to							
XVI. Heat, Light and Po		1,539,240			427,201		
Grand Total	106,027.823	76.312,216	21.658,839	22,035,219	9,629,341	6.068,411	241.731.849

SALARIES AND WAGES: MALE AND FEMALE FACTORY EMPLOYEES, 1947-48—continued.

		(£.)	·			
Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
		Fed	IALES.				
I. Treatment of Non-					į		
metalliferous Mine and Quarry Pro-]	i !		·			
ducts	54,099	31,837	7,601	8,058	5,221	3,001	109,817
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass,	""				_ 1		
etc. III. Chemicals, Dyes, Ex-	127,798	81,028	4,679	18,592.	6,934	812	239,843
plosives. Paints.	}					!	
Oils and Grease	932,752	571,037	48,644	99,757	29,836	4,381	1,686,407
IV. Industrial Metals,	!			i			
Machines, Convey-	2 121 102	2,054,413	220,223	662,783	96,348	46,750	6,211,619
V. Precious Metals,	3,232,202	2,054,415	220,2-5	002,705	90,540,	4-17.30	0,222,029
Jewellery and Plate	75,141	95,509	5,542	4,507	1,758	130	182,587
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	2 570 001	3,716,135	126,229	305,964	54,846	289,127	7,062,692
VII. Skins and Leather (not	2,570,391	3,710,133	120,229	303,904	51,040	209,127	7,002,092
Clothing or Foot-	[,	
wear)	412,399	229,053	31,465	50,651	18,833	2.788	745,189
VIII. Clothing (except Knit- ted)	6.085.065	6,823,271	1,093,198	943,502	552,166	104,440	16,501,642
IX. Food, Drink and	0,903,003	0,023,2/2	1,093,190	943,300	332,200	10.4,440	10,301,042
Tobacco	2,542,613	2,111,389	549,213	443,070	214,522	246,990	6,107,797
X. Woodworking and		94,621	68,817	32,795	6,236	10,264	361,661
Basketware XI. Furniture of Wood.	148,928	94,021	00,017	32,793	0,230	10,204	301,001
Bedding, etc.	269,131	138,940	39,449	48,405	21,119	6,656	523,700
XII. Paper, Stationery,							
Printing, Book- binding, etc	1,260,800	809,542	218,516	147,588	80,231	67,224	2,583,901
XIII. Rubber	201,789		58,077	14,468		1,288	
XIV. Musical Instruments	28,608	789		193		'	29,590
XV. Miscellaneous Pro- ducts	1 567 0.0	520.252	31,880	05.070	75 (07)	11,585	7 700 740
Total, Classes I. to XV.	567,949		2,503,533		15,401		1,192.140
XVI. Heat, Light and	129,300,303	-7,404,190	~,303,333	2,010,303	1,104,070	793,430	44,012,703
Power	9,490	5,782	844	1,474	1,630	1,490	20,710
	119,318,055						44,033,415
Total	119,310,055	17,409,972	2,304,3//	2,01/,//9	1,100,300	790,920	44,033,413

(iv) Total and Average Earnings of Males and Females, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. Particulars for these years are given in the table hereunder:—

TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES: MALES AND FEMALES.

	Particulars.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.			
Males.												
1938-39.	Amount paid Per cent, on to		38,271,867 85.80	29,005,746 80.51			4,128,824		91,048,679 85.30			
	Average per er			224.47			235.49					
1943-44.	Amount paid	££	77,087,334	58,610,714	15,984,325	15,499,866	6,367.387	4,374,298	177,923,924			
	Per cent. on to				88.45	82.84	85.84					
	Average per en	nployee £	352.15		326.70	314.99	316.28	310.15	342.68			
1944 -45.	Amount paid		73,934,690		16,058,748	14,553.972	6,657,713	4,265,044	171,584,842			
	Per cent. on to		82.85		89.32			85.16				
	Average per en	upioyee ±	342.98		324.60		311.36	301.54	333 0			
1945-40.	Amount paid Per cent. on to			80.53	89.82	14,054,533	7,037,530	4,353,502	172,376,030			
	Average per en											
1046-47	Amount paid	r groyee	187 122 808				8 148 101	4 001 403	199,771,820			
1940 47.	Per cent. on to			80.82	90.00		89.49					
	Average per en		355.02									
1047-48.	Amount paid	£	106,027,823	76.312.216	21.658.830	22.035.210	0.629.341	6.068.411	241,731,849			
217	Per cent. on to	tal		81.35	89.64	88.66	89.70	88.39	84.59			
	Average per en	nployee £	405.77			385.31						

TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES: MALES AND FEMALES

	— Williams.											
	Particulars.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.				
		L	FEMAI	LES.	<u> </u>	·						
1938-39.	Amount paid		7,020,796			444,734	245,473					
	Per cent. on total	14.20				9.72	9.90					
	Average per employee £						93.19					
1943-44.		16,430,992	15,350,479	2,087,364	3,211,547	1,050,208	819,305					
	Per cent. on total	17.57	20.75	11.55	17.16	14.16	15.78					
	Average per employee £	172.07	179.55	151.65	170.59	150.14	161.57	172.62				
1944-45.	Amount paid£	15,308,351	14.445,336	1,921,079	2,692,176	956,530	743,486	36,066,958				
	Per cent, on total	17.15					14.84	17.37				
	Average per employee £					142.91	157.09					
1045-46		14,267,414					652,949	33,442,683				
-943 40.	Per cent, on total	16.28			12.61		13.04	16.25				
	Average per employee £						159.02	171.88				
1940-47.	Amount paid £	16,464,751	14,950,539				646,440	37,401,937				
	Per cent. on total	15.89					11.47	15.77				
_	Average per employee £	190.48					173.45					
1947-48.		19,318,055			2,817,779	1,106,306	796,926					
	Per cent. on total	15.42	18.65	10.36	11.34		11.61	15.41				
	Average per employee £	215.16	222.98	191.38	199.25	173.38	202.32	213.99				

⁽v) Managers, Clerical Staff and Other Employees. A further analysis of salaries and wages paid is given in the following table for 1947-48 and shows the amounts paid to managers, clerical staff, etc., and those paid to other employees. As previously mentioned, amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded in all cases:—

SALARIES AND WAGES: MANAGERS, CLERICAL STAFF, ETC., AND OTHER EMPLOYEES, 1947–48.

				(£.)					
				Salaries an	d Wages P	aid to—			
,	Class of Industry.	Managers, Staff, Ch Draftsme	emists,		Other loyees.	All Employees.			
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
I.	Treatment of Non-								
	metalliferous Mine	1							
	and Quarry Pro-				_				
	ducts	603,463	72,081	4,514,591	37,736	5,118,054	109,817	5,227,871	
11.	Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.		95,975		143,868	. 6	239,843	6,212,959	
TIT	Chemicals, Dyes, Ex-	477,205	95,975	5,495,911	143,000	5,973,116	239,043	0,212,959	
111	plosives. Paints.								
	Oils and Grease	2.104.304	496,127	7.898.212	1,190,280	10.002,606	1.686.407	11,779,013	
IV.	Industrial Metals,	-,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	12 / /	.,,,,,	-,-,	,-,-,-	-,,4	,,,,,,3	
	Machines, Convey-	i.				,			
	ances	14,872,847	2,885,924	98,006,012	3,325,695	112,878,859	6,211,619	119,090,478	
v.	Precious Metals,	1						_	
177	Jewellery and Plate Textiles and Textile	170,743	56,618	1,572,302	125,969	1,743,045	182,587	1,925,632	
V 1.	Goods (not Dress)	1,424,285	479,526	9,897,645	6,583,166	** *** ***	7,062,692	18,384,622	
VII	Skins and Leather (not	1,424,203	4/9,320	9,097,043	0,503,100	11,321,930	7,002,092	10,304,022	
, ,,,	Clothing or Foot-	t	1				}		
	wear)	586,289	92,155	4,219,173	653,034	4,805,462	745,189	5,550,651	
VIII.	Clothing (except Knit-	1						}	
	ted)	1,669,083	792,172	9,039,158	15,709,470	10,708,241	16,501,642	27,209,883	
IX.	Food, Drink and						_		
-	Tobacco	4,837,497	1,162,295	20,983,402	4,945,502	31,820,899	6,107,797	37,928,696	
Δ.	Woodworking and Basketware	1,301,036	232,530	13,051,723	129,131	*	361,661		
ΥI	Furniture of Wood,	1,301,030	232,330	13,031,723	129,131	14,352,759	301,001	14,714,420	
Α1.	Bedding, etc	448,770	117,443	4,506,739	406,257	4,955,509	523,700	5,479,209	
XII.	Paper, Stationery,	1 11-77	1	1,311,733	4,-57	4,955,5-9	3-3,,,	3,4,9,9	
	Printing, Book-	1		'		ì			
	binding, etc	2,086,226		12,018,939		14,105,165	2,583,901		
	Rubber	607,095			354,513	3,735,729			
	Musical Instruments	28,035	15,074	236,859	14,516	264,894	29,590	294,484	
XV.	Miscellaneous Pro-	650.065	205.028	3,699,058	.00====				
		659,265					1,192,140		
_	Total, Classes I. to XV.	31,900,233	7,465,693	204,208,358	30,547,012	236,234,591	44,012,705	280,247,296	
XVI.	Heat, Light and	1			l .				
	Power	537,508		4,959,750					
	Grand Total							285,765,264	
Avera	ge paid per employee	554.30	232.46	377.31	210.57	394.24	213.99	348.95	
								·	

3. Power, Fuel and Light Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1947–48. The expenditure by factories on power, fuel and light, including the value of lubricants and water, is of considerable importance; in 1947–48 it amounted to a new high level of £37,093,719, an increase of £6,073,619 as compared with the previous year and more than two and one third times the corresponding value in 1938–39. The following table, shows the value of power, fuel and light, etc., used in the different classes of industry in 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED (a), 1947-48.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.				
I. Treatment of Non-											
metalliferous Mine		1		1							
and Quarry Pro-		-8- 6				0	0				
ducts II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass,	523,521	383,600	183,492	131,742	124,105	89,351	1,435,811				
etc	1,049,065	491,025	80,793	154,255	99,540	10.003	1,893,681				
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Ex-	1,049,003	492,023	00,793	- 54,255	99,540	.9,003	1,093,001				
plosives, Paints, Oils	1		i		1						
and Grease	835,002	628,433	55,886	231,200	148,565	7,157	1,906,243				
IV. Industrial Metals,			1	;	1						
Machines, Convey-	6,222,134	1,368,441	200 848	1,726,039	200,288	206 520	10,304,280				
V. Precions Metals,	0,222,134	1,300,441	390,040	1,720,039	200,200	390,330	10,304,200				
Jewellery and Plate	33,906	35,361	2,360	7,261	2,772	201	81,861				
VI Textiles and Textile		i									
Goods (not Dress)	398,266	767,964	23,168	78,799	12,501	48,128	1,328,826				
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or	1										
Footwear)	164,162	222,947	33,093	81,691	29,651	20,440	551,984				
VIII. Clothing (except knit-	104,101	,947	33,943	01,091	29,032	20,440	332,904				
ted)	301,298	315,943	34,254	39,748	21,937	10,388	723,568				
IX. Food, Drink and				į							
Tobacco X. Woodworking and	1,946,118	1,702,883	970,657	590,932	363,352	150,151	5,724,093				
X. Woodworking and Basketware	352,315	186,860	127,132	42.485	74,792	46,358	829,942				
XI. Furniture of Wood,	35-,313	100,000	12/,132	i	74179-	40,330	029,942				
Bedding, etc	50,229	31,076	15,230	13,432	6,345	3,030	119,342				
XII. Paper, Stationery,	}			i							
Printing, Book-							-506				
binding, etc XIII. Rubber	336,824 236,254		43,093 21,386			216,922	1,264,586 568,092				
XIV. Musical Instruments	12,421	951		13,309,		3,213	13,723				
XV. Miscellaneous Pro-	,4			,			-3,7-3				
ducts	140,160	128,286	7,581	19,467	4,474	2,098	302,066				
Total, Classes I. to XV	12,601,675	7,108.857	1,989,090	3,221,844	1.113.653	1,012,970	27,048,098				
XVI. Heat, Light and	-										
Power	4,712,265	1,906,048	1,195.056	1,058,895	1,170,974	2,383	10,045,621				
Grand Total	I			4.280.739							

(a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

(ii) Values of Items, 1947-48. The following table shows the values of the various items of power, fuel and light used in factories in each State during the year 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF ITFMS OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1947-48.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Coal, Black	 5,946,953	1,102,083		1,032,579	644,937	161,507	10,431,24
Brown Coal Briquettes	 	884,602			!		334,60
Coke	 2,898,059			1,009,258	62,358		
Wood	 277,902						
Fuel Oil	 1,628,148				453.514		
Tar (Fuel)	 192,863	109,640	148	42,240	13,530		306,64
Electricity	 4,054,918	2,365,742	632,147		433,899	471,451	8,861,25
Gas	 1,081,924	223,732			20,180	6,547	1,435,53
Other (Charcoal, etc.)	 66,250	197,854	61,185	97,331	11,647	1,619	
Water	 713,613	391,866	123,301	115.541	86,055	26,52.	1.450,90
Lubricating Oils	 453,310	283,247	154,087	92,078		37,43	1,105,05
Total	 17,313,940	9.014.905	3,184,155	,280,739	2,284.627	1,015.35:	37,093,71

(iii) Quantities of Fuel used, 1947-48. The following table shows the quantities of fuel used in factories in each State during the year 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: QUANTITIES OF FUEL USED, 1947-48.

Particulars.	Unit.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Oual, Black "Brown Brown Coal Briquettes Coke Wood Fuel Oil Tar (Fuel)	Ton " " " " Gal.	3,758,674 1,496,361 223,841 35,899,953 19,118,286	4,894,588 486,064 164,783 609,134 29,700,196	23,071 271,640 5,941,015	309,952	440,880 9,192,906	 16,053 133,039 1,404,004	5,957,386 4,894,588 486,064 2,034,408 1,870,435 98,039,405 27,610,024

(iv) Total Value, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. The next table shows the sums expended on power, fuel and light during the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED.(a)

(£.)

Year.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
1938-39 1943-44 1944-45 1945-46 1946-47 1947-48	7,651,627 12,808.040 12,564,956 12,206,641 13,964,552	3,999,934 6,826,742 6,946,053 6,940,980 7,835,022 9,014,905	1,423,549 2,162,113 2,222,879 2,298,019 2.627.507 3.184,155	1,017,537 2,436,049 2,555,739 2,851,320 3,620,194 4,280,739	1,169,268 1,503,344 1,645,987 1,835,677 2,049,489 2,284,627	438,006 844,381 897,137 904,011 923,336 1.015,353	15,699,921 26,580,669 26,832,751 27,036,648 31,020,100 37,093,719

(a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

4. Value of Materials Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1947-48. The value of materials used (which includes the value of containers, packing, etc., the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant) in factories in Australia in 1947-48 reached £683,729,030 representing 56.50 per cent. of the value of the final output (see par. 5). The following table shows the value of the materials used in various classes of industry in each State:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF MATERIALS USED, 1947-48.

(L.)											
Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.				
I Treatment of Non- metalliferous Mine and Quarry Pro-				·	-						
ducts II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass,	6,367,487	2,583,885	975,967	685,690	530,647	374,826	11,518,502				
etc. III. Chemicals, Dyes, Ex-	2,724,026	1,134,177	188,661	517,153	185,818	58,190	4,808,025				
plosives, Paints, Olls and Grease	25.852.120	16,277,080	1.780.304	4.250.821	3.486.745	338.204	52,003,364				
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Con-											
veyances V. Precious Metals,					,	i 1	191,715,257				
Jewellery and Plate VI. Textiles and Textile	666,374						,50., 15				
Goods (not Dress) VII. Skins and Leather	15,446,102	22,943.431	1.078,474	1,420,837	384,252	1,725,429	42,998.525				
(net Chithing or Footwear)	7,561.710	6.013,391	4.041.437	3,864.311	442,318	324.875	22,248,042				
VIII. Clothing (except Knit- ted) IX. Food, Drink and	19.335,257	22.797,069	2,415.030	1,667,234	1,119.668	179.321	47,513,579				
Tobacco X. Woodworking and	64.031.341	62,541,990	49.903.361	17,529,019	10,703,521	5.651,295	210,363,527				
Basketware XI. Furniture of Word,	12,346,321	8.174.778	4.542.581	2,633,091	1,637,291	1,422,836	30,756,898				
Bedding, etc XII. Paper, Stationery,	4.746,468	3.006.794	1.234.335	1,046.665	721,338	216.434	10,972,034				
Printing, Book- binding, etc.		11.164.810				. 1,163.417,	30.030,540				
XIII. Rubber XIV. Musical Instruments	5.269,412 206,779	4.829,785 20,718	473.926 2,793				10,896,636 234,431				
XV. Miscellaneous Pro- ducts		3,857.684		347-391							
Total, Classes I. to XV. XVI. Heat. Light and	[289,668,547 	207.730.068	78.538.223	61,165.751	24,598,632	15.438,261	677.139.482				
Power		2.166.032			358.340	86.433	6,589.548				
Grand Total	292.556.789	.eq.ago 100	/9.1/3.835	01.020.040	24.950.972	15,524,094	003.729.030				

(ii) Total Amount, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. The following table shows the values of materials used in factories for the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF MATERIALS USED.

(£.)

Year.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39		120,501,795	82,971,608	42,596,049	20,308,797	9,603,657	5,321,540	281,303,446
1943-44		223,603,640	154,490,654	57,945,796	36,730,842	15,193,718	10,958,410	498,923,000
1944-45	• •	215,219,002	158,098,951	59,593,548	35,284,903	17,134,744	11,557,523	496,888,671
1945-46		201,706,086	159,797,941	58,633,079	37,770,050	18,360,635	12,019,637	488,287,428
1946–47	٠.	245,436,182	176,106,507	62,134,914	52,015,884	20,472,010	12,978,867	569,144,364
1947-48	٠.	292,556.789	209,896,100	79.173.835	61,620,640	24.956.972	15,524,604	683,720.030

5. Value of Output.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1947-48. The value of the output of factories in the various classes in each State in 1947-48 is shown in the following table. It represents the wholesale selling value at the factory of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products. In addition, it includes the value of other work done such as repair work, assembling and making up for customers. The figures given include not only the increase in value due to the process of manufacture, but also the values of the raw materials and the power, fuel and light used. The difference between the sum of the values of the materials and of the power, fuel and light used, and the value of output is the real value of factory production (see par. 6).

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT, 1947-48.

(£.)

	()											
	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.				
Ī.	Treatment of Non-											
	metalliferous Mine	1	,	1								
	and Quarry Pro-		6 0	0 0	- 0							
TT	ducts Bricks, Pottery, Glass,	10,968,503	0,018.357	2,087,298	1,448,096	1,219,911	917,912	22,660.077				
11.	osc	9,065,698	2 826 545	720 111	1,545,613	716,962	172 475	16,057.404				
III.	Chemicals, Dyes, Ex-	9,005,090	3,020,343	729,111	1,545,013	710,902	1/3,4/3	10,037.404				
	plosives, Paints, Oils			i	ĺ		į .					
	and Grease	40,864,344	26,998,327	2,649,884	6,783,493	4,786,015	468,194	82,550,257				
IV.	Industrial Metals,											
	Machines, Con-			0.00								
37	Precious Metals,	204,190,215	90,004,030	24,420,868	45,616,431	10,709,869	8,387,400	383,328,819				
٧.	Jewellery and Plate	1,750,087	3,012,805	145,335	218,626	154.557	9,616	5,291,026				
VI	Textiles and Textile	1,730,007	3,012,003	1 43,333	210,020	134.337	9,010	3,291.020				
	Goods (not Dress)	27,307,633	40,969,968	1.680.448	2,690,904	677,296	2,982,262	76,407,511				
VII.	Skins and Leather (not	17,3577 33	, ,,,	, ,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			, ,, ,,,,,,,				
	Clothing or Foot-]			Ì		1					
	wear)	11,326,966	9,516,197	4,825,966	5,076,343	818,754	509,181	32,073,407				
VIII.	Clothing (except Knit-											
IV	Food, Drink and	37,034,270	41,999,675	5,053,092	3,890,304	2,499,820	500,141	91,577.302				
IA.	Tobacco	93,384,322	80 220 012	64 262 167	24 724 220	r 4 060 288	8 177 170	294,258,290				
Χ.	Woodworking and	93,304,3~~	09,330,013	04,203,107	24,134,230	14,909,300	0,1//,1/0	29.5,230,290				
	Basketware	21,949,394	15,047,370	8,780,465	4,200,138	3,363,663	2,648,260	56,079,290				
XI.	Furniture of Wood,	1 75 75.05 1										
	Bedding, etc	8,419,159	5,719,557	2,389,557	1,881,784	1,322,764	456,146	20,188,967				
XII.	Paper, Stationery,											
	Printing, Book-						2 202 284	6 300				
YTTT	binding etc Rubber	8,001,650	21,388,413 8,313,923			1,935,190	94.411					
	Musical Instruments	523,944	78,600					650,104				
	Miscellaneous Pro-	323,944	70,000	10,442	20,930	10,100		0,0.104				
	ducts	9,461,932	7,825,674	433.025	708,701	230,322	167,266	18,826,920				
	Total, Classes I, to XV	512 517,262					28,493,824	1178748445				
XVI.	Heat, Light and	3 3-/,	37-7- 791737	323903		1	1.125,114	- 1 - 1 + 0 4 4 5				
	Power	15,064,323	7,362,571	2,920,380	2,728,820	2,104,100	290,740	31,370,952				
		528,481,585										
		13-0,401,303	3,,,,,,,,	,3~44343	1-04371004	173,023,790	,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,				

(ii) Total, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. The following table shows the value of output in each State during each of the years shown.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT.

(£.)

				· · · ·			
Year	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39	 218,419,313	152,967,611	63,321,073	35,005,264	19,548,511	11,158,205	500,419,977
1943-44	 399,137,690	284,647,914	90,318,437	67,578,377	29,208,588	20,848,210	891,739,216
1944~45		287,422,311	92,718,465	65,107,692	31,740,740	21,356,984	886,004,777
1945-46	 367,092,216	286,989,408	91,200,751	66,222,998	34,022,839	22,119,305	867,647,517
1946-47	 445,947,142	315,437,679	100,099,090	86,702,572	38,269,975	24,569,748	1,011,026,206
1947-48	 528,481,585	377.412.025	125.244.343	104,571,084	45,625,796	28,784,564	1,210,119.397

6. Value of Production.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1947-48. The value of production for any industry was defined at the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925 as "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting. so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production".

In accordance with this definition, it was agreed that a deduction consisting of the costs of raw material, containers, power, fuel, light, lubricants, water, tools replaced, repairs to plant and depreciation should be made from the "value of output". All these deductions with the exception of depreciation are included in the items "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" as defined above. On account of the difficulty experienced in securing accurate figures for depreciation, it was subsequently agreed that the particulars obtained should be published but that no deduction should be made on this account for the present. The value of production as given in the following tables is obtained, therefore, by deducting "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" from the "value of the output."

The figure thus calculated is, however, not the net value of production. The deduction for depreciation, particulars of which are shown in § 8, par. 4, was estimated at £20,591,37c for 1947-48. Many miscellaneous expenses, such as taxation, insurance, advertising and other sundry charges have not been taken into account. Therefore, it must not be inferred that when wages and salaries are deducted from the value of production the whole of the "surplus" is available for interest and profit.

The value of factory production therefore approximates "net value added" in the manufacturing process. It amounted in 1947-48 to £489.3 million to which Class IV., Industrial Metals, etc., with £181.3 million or almost three times the value of production of this class in 1938-39, made the greatest contribution. This total value of production in 1947-48 represented an increase of £78.4 million over the figure for 1946-47 and almost £286 million (or 140 per cent.) on the value of production recorded in 1938-39.

The following table shows the value of production in 1947-48 in each State for the various classes of industry:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PRODUCTION, 1947-48.

	(£.)											
	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.				
ī.	Treatment of Non- metalliferous Mine											
	and Quarry Pro-				ĺ			İ				
	ducts	4,077,495	3,050,872	927,839	630,664	565,159	453,735	9,705,764				
11.	Bricks, Pottery, Glass,	5,292,607	2,201,343	459,657	874,205	431,604	96,282	0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
TTT	Chemicals, Dyes, Ex-	.5,292,007	2,201,343	439,037	074,203	431,004	90,282	9,355,698				
	plosives, Paints, Oils)					}	j				
	and Grease		10,092,814	804,604	2,292,472	1,150,705	122,833	28,640,650				
IV.	Industrial Metals,]										
	Machines, Con-	00 807 005	47,801,861	669		6 0						
v	Precious Metals.	90,097,333	47,001,001	14,110,000	13,249,919	0,142,024	4,090,075	181,309,282				
٠.	Jewellery and Plate	1,049,807	1,429,696	106,319	159,007	99,029	8,164	2,852,022				
VI.	Textiles and Textile				1			2,032,022				
	Goods (not Dress)		17,258,573	587,806	1,191,268	280,543	1,208,705	32,080,160				
VII.	Skins and Leather (not	1 !			i							
	Clothing or Foot- wear)	3,601,094	3.279,859	757 426	1,130,341	346,785	163,866					
VIII	Clothing (except Knit-	3,001,094	3.2/9,039	731,430	1,130,341	340,735	103,000	9,273,381				
V 111.	ted)	17,997,715	18,886,663	2,603,808	2,183,322	1.358,215	310,432	43,340,155				
IX.	Food, Drink and							43,340,233				
_	_Tobacco	27,406,863	25,082,140	13,389,149	6,014,279	3,902,515	2,375,724	78,170,670				
X.	Woodworking and		6 68			- 60.						
vr	Basketware Furniture of Wood.	9,250,758	6,685,732	4,110,752	1,614,562	1,051,580	1,179,066	24,492,450				
Д.	Bedding, etc	3,622,462	2.681.687	1,139,992	821,687	595,081	236,682	9,097,591				
XII.	Paper, Stationery,	3:	_,,,	7.33733	,,	393,001	2,0,002	9,097,391				
	Printing, Book-				ł							
	binding, etc	13,379,648		2,135,601	1,701,357							
	Rubber Musical Instruments	2,495,984				56.986						
	Miscellaneous Pro-	304,744	56,931	13.523	18,446	8,306		401,950				
AV.	ducts	5,140,041	3,839,704	222.573	341.843	134,689	123,025	9.801.875				
	Total, Classes I. to XV.											
XVI	Heat, Light and		33, 3,0,3-9	, ., , -, -, -, -	37,734,000	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,-,-,,95	474.350,003				
AR V 1.	Power	8.363,816	3.290,491	1,089,712	1,215,045	574,795	201,024	14,735,783				
		218,610,856					12.244.517	480.206.648				
		-,,,,,,	3 ,3 = ,3 = 0	. ,,555	,,,,,,,	-/3-41-97	,-44,517	7-9,290,040				

(ii) Total and Averages, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. The value of production and the amount per person engaged and per head of population are shown in the following table for the last five years compared with 1938-39. For Australia as a whole the value of production per head of population increased from £29.41 per head in 1948-39 to £64.04 per head in 1947-48. For value per person engaged, the increase was not so pronounced (from £360 per head in 1938-39 to £576 in 1947-48) owing to the considerable increase in the numbers of persons engaged in 1947-48 as compared with 1938-39.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PRODUCTION.

				(:	£.)			
Year.		N.S.W.	W. Victoria. Q'land.		S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia,
				VAL	UE.	<u></u>		
1938-39		90,265,891	65,996,069	10,301,475	13,678,930	8,775,586	5,398,659	203,416,610
1943-44		162,726,010	123,330,518	30,210,528	28,411,486	12,511,526	9,045,419	366,235,487
1944-45		159,874,627	122,377,307	30,902,038	27,267,050	12,960,009	8,902,324	362,283,355
1945-46		153,179,489	120,250,487	30,269,653	25,601,628	13,826,527	9,195,657	352,323,441
1946-47		186,546,408	131,496,150	35,336,669	31,066,494	15,748,476	10,667,545	410,861,742
1947–48		218,610.856	158,501,020	42,886,353	38.669,705	18,384,197	12,244,517	489,296.648
				PER PER	SON ENGAG	ED.		
1938-39		395	327	357	315	378	391	360
1943-44		504	472	467	408	445	457	478
1944-45		508	475	482	416	445	456	483
1945-46		493	469	462	405	457	478	473
1946-47		544	495	494	439	466	535	510
1947-48		602	570	559	527	511	578	576
		•	Рег	R HEAD OF	POPULATI	ON.		•
1938-39	٠	32.99	35.25	19.15	22.99	18.79	22,72	29.41
1943-44		56.66	62.22	28.65	46.11	26.15	37.04	50.53
1944-45		55.09	61.23	28.92	43.75	26.73	36.05	49.47
1945-46		52.23	59.66	27.92	40.57	28.21	36.74	47.42
1940-47		62.95	64.46	32.21	48.50	31.67	41.90	54.83
1947-48		72.71	76.60	38.54	59.28	30.13	40.77	64.04

7. Value of Output and Cost of Production.—As the total value of the output for Australia for 1947-48 was estimated at £1,210,119,397, there remained, after payment of £683,729,030 for the value of the materials used £285,705,264 for salaries and wages, and £37,093,719 for power, fuel and light, a balance of £203,531,384 to provide for all other costs and overhead expenses such as rent, interest, insurance, pay-roll tax, income tax, depreciation etc., as well as drawings by working proprietors and profit. The following table gives corresponding particulars for each State expressed absolutely and as percentages on the total value of the output for the year 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT AND COST OF PRODUCTION, 1947-48.

State.	Materials Used. (a)	Power, Fuel and Light. (b)	Salaries and Wages.	Balance (Output less Materials, Fuel and Wages.)(c)	Total Value of Output.
	Vali	UE AND COS	T, ETC.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(£.)		_	- -
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania Australia	292,556,789 209,896,100 79,173,835 61,620,640 24,956,972 15,524,694 683,729,030	17,313,940 9,014,905 3,184,155 4,280,739 2,284,627 1,015,353 37,093,719	125,345,878 93,802,188 24,163,216 24,852,098 10,735,647 6,865,337 285,765,264	93,264,978 64,698,832 18,723,137 13,816,707 7.648,550 5,379,180 203,531,384	528,481,585 377,412,025 125,244,343 104,571,084 45,625,796 28,784,564 1,210,119,397

⁽a) Includes the value of containers, packing, etc., also the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant.

(b) Includes lubricants and water.

(c) See paragraph preceding this table.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT AND COST OF PRODUCTION, 1947-48—continued.

State.		Materials Used. (a)	Power, Fuel and Light. (b)	Salaries and Wages.	Balance (Output less Materials, Fuel and Wages.)(c)	Total Value of Output.
	PERG	ENTAGE OF	Costs, etc.,	ON TOTAL V	ALUE.	
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	•••	55.36 55.61 63.22 58.93 54.70 53.93	3.28 2.39 2.54 4.09 5.01 3.53	23.72 24.85 19.29 23.77 23.53 23.85	17.64 17.15 14.95 13.21 16.76 18.69	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
Australia	••	56.50	3.07	23.61	16.82	100.00

⁽a) Includes the value of containers, packing, etc., also the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant (b) Includes lubricants and water. (c) See paragraph preceding this table.

§ 8. Value of Land, Buildings, Plant and Machinery.

1. General.—The following statement shows the value of land and buildings and of plant and machinery used in connexion with manufacturing industries during the year 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND, BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1947-48. (£.)

Value of—	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania,	Australia.
Land and buildings Plant and machinery				, ,			211,143,402
Total	178,574,475	132,058,592	38,439,451	40,930,450	18,672,570	16,187,202	424,862,740

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented premises and plant.

The values recorded in this section are generally the values apportioned in the books of the individual firms after allowance has been made for depreciation, but they include estimates for premises and plant rented. The totals shown in the table consequently do not represent the actual amount of capital invested in the items specified.

2. Value of Land and Buildings.—(i) Total for Australia, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. The following table shows for Australia as a whole the approximate value of land and buildings occupied in connexion with manufacturing industries for 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS(a), AUSTRALIA. (£.)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli- ferous Mine and Quarry						!
Products	2,778,746	2,623,361	2,642,425	, . 3,019,524	3,376,681	3,860,244
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	2,953,557					
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explo- sives, Paints, Oils and	-19531357	,,,,,,,,		. 3133-117- [3,,,,,,,,,,	1
Grease IV. Industrial Metals,	7,377,551	18,635,144	18,432,290	18,461,520	17,064,501	18.624,009
Machines, Conveyances	34,841,028	60,043,410	60,783,523	59,530,238	59,008,483	04,868,139
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and Plate		0-				
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	633,009	590,482	615,779	751,611	1,041,763	1,278,652
(not Dress)	5,999,671	8,378,695	8.770,139	9,111,725	9,608,636	10,602,891
VII. Skins and Leather (not	3,999,071	-,37-,-93	1	9,221,23	9,000,030	10,002,092
Clothing or Footwear)	2,095,886					
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	10,623,619					
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	33,273,248	37,376,297	39,321,977	40,129,049	42,610,494	45,450,787
X. Woodworking and Basket- ware	4,106,963	4,811,963	5,030,273	5 447 000	6,156,881	6,911,869
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bed-	4,100,903	4,011,903	5,030,273	5,441,290	0,130,001	0,911,509
ding, etc	2,533,254	2,259,307	2,293,762	2,828,984	3,300,578	3,834,648
XII. Paper, Stationery, Print-	75557.51				,	
ing, Bookbinding, etc.	10,639,315	11,408,044	11,576,815	11,604,666	12,071,708	13,02 3,072
XIII. Rubber			1.737,861			
XIV. Musical Instruments	104,838					
XV. Miscellaneous Products	1,432,857		73 075			
Total, Classes I. to XV						198,830,727
XVI. Heat, Light and Power			10,576,445			
Grand Total	130,920,414	177,146,605	182,580,107	186,939,219	193,151,784	211,143,402
•			1			

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

(ii) In Classes of Industry in States, 1947–48. The following table gives particulars of the various classes of industry in each State.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS, (a) 1947-48.

				£.)				
	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
I.	Treatment of Non- metalliferous Mine					-		
IT	and Quarry Pro- ducts Bricks, Pottery, Glass,	1,889,441	1,179,140	237,421	237,453	116,366	200,423	3,860,244
	etc	2,514,320	893,342	144.265	249,019	124,869	26,634	3,952,449
īV.	plosives, Paints, Oils and Grease Industrial Metals,	6,806,339	4,856,756	280,273	5,737,643	860,822	82.176	18,624,000
	Machines, Conveyances Precious Metals.	31,036,193	19,632,209	4,537,443	5,291,054	2,645,939	1,725,301	64,8 68,139
	Jewellery and Plate Textiles and Textile	510,414	581,296	49,552	61,687		10.485	1,278,652
VII.	Goods (not Dress) Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Foot-	3,996.433	5,532,924 	171,559	499,026	130,205	272,744	10,602,891
VIII.	wear)		1,449,960					3,441,318
IX.	ted) Food, Drink and Tobacco		6,396,244 13,030,032					16,916,828 45,450,787
	Woodworking and Basketware		1,775,674					
	Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc Paper, Stationery,	1,489,499	1,283,650	391,320	308,976	255.376	105,827	3,834,648
	Printing, Book- binding, etc.	5,487,245						13,023, 072 2,152,4 5 5
XIV.	Musical Instruments Miscellaneous Pro-	997,879 170,863		2,622	9,494	5,880		233,601
	ducts		1,393,856 62,995,470					3.679.765 198,830,727
XVI.	Heat, Light and Power	5,242,320	3,233,971	1,028,810	1.558,708	589,341		12,312,6 75 211,143,4 02
	Grand Total	91,000,393	00,229,391	10,008,766	20,090,827	9,462,660	0,271,305	211,143,402

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

(iii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of land and buildings in each State for the years 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS.(a)

W. Aust. N.S.W. Victoria. Q'land. S. Aust. Tasmania. Australia. Year. 57,353,625 78,978,013 81,058,876 42,026,245 55,062,982 57,808,861 60,264,953 130,920,414 177,146,605 182,580,107 6,813,653 1938-39 12,299,089 8,710,700 3,717,102 17,629,235 16,877,449 13,262,504 6,920,805 5,293,066 E943-44 . . 7,654,187 8,282,694 8,756,924 1944-45 1945-46 13,689,055 5,491,679 186,939,219 18,446,966 18,659,534 5,304,703 80,308,347 14,331,556 81,894,595 62.771,493 103,151,784 15,391,033 9,482,660 91,860,393 20,690,827 6,271,365 211,143,402 66,229,391

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

Prior to 1929-30 the increase in the value of land and buildings was uninterrupted, rising from £23 million in 1903 to £118 million in 1929-30, a growth of £95 million in 27 years. During the three years ended 1932-33, however, there was a decline of £12 million to £105.8 million, but since that year the value has risen annually and stood at £211.1 million in 1947-48.

3. Value of Plant and Machinery.—(i) Total for Australia, 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48. The following table shows for Australia the approximate value of plant and machinery used in factories in 1938-39 and each of the five years ended 1947-48:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), AUSTRALIA.

			(2.)				
	Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944 -45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
I. '	Treatment of Non-metalli-						
	ferous Mine and Quarry Products	7,028,382	5,089,274		4,916,338	F 450 887	6,060,951
TT ·	Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	3,144,586					
	Chemicals, Dyes, Ex-	3,144,300	2,240,309	2,309,007	2,907,090	3,443,144	3,099,037
	plosives, Paints, Oils	;		i			
	and Grease	6.754.248	17.411.181	19,208,586	17.701.778	15,271,732	17,515,884
IV.	Industrial Metals,	1 34,-4-	-,,,,,	, -9,,200,,50-	-7,73-,77-	-3,-7-,73-	-7,5-5,
	Machines, Conveyances	33,037,801	56,918,202	54,953,997	53,901,719	52,895,953	61,079,926
v. 1	Precious Metals, Jewellery			01.200,331		0 , 31,300	
	and Plate	197,059	219,266	207,620	253,062	375,783	580,634
VI.	Textiles and Textile Goods		i	1	-		
	(not Dress)	6,657,416	7,600,447	7,658,756	7,736,737	8,370,807	10,200,808
VII.	Skins and Leather (not				-0		06 .6-
WITT (Clothing or Footwear)	973,181				1,707,214	
	Clothing (except Knitted) Food. Drink and Tobacco	2,557,388					
	Woodworking and Basket-	32,100,675	31,904,522	32,692,162	33,233,935	35,133,478	37,999,396
Δ.	ware	3,907,551	4,486,081	4 500 050	5000 774	5,862,676	6,990,790
XI I	Furniture of Wood, Bed-	3,907,551	4,400,001	4,533,758	5,023,174	3,002,070	0,990,790
Д.	ding, etc	727,857	545,199	572,308	740,627	929,587	1,189,427
XII.	Paper, Stationery, Print-	127,037	343,199	3/2,300	740,027	929,507	1,109,427
	ing, Bookbinding, etc.	9,188,227	9,531,486	8,961,222	8,556,477	9,800,832	11.517,261
XIII. I		1,367,859					
	Musical Instruments	11,702					
XV. 1	Miscellaneous Products	758,273					
•	Total, Classes I. to XV	108,412,205	143,207,419	144,044,998	143,938,863	147,393,260	168,896,128
XVI. 1	Heat, Light and Power	35,249,922	37,785,350	39,872,062	41,606,077	42,299,831	44,823,210
	Grand Total	143,662,127	180,992,769	183,917,060	185,544,940	189,693,091	213,719,338

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant.

Except for the years 1930-31 to 1933-34, when decreases were recorded, there has been a continuous increase in the value of plant and machinery in Australia. The increase in 1947-48 of £24.0 million extended over all industrial classes. The greatest increase occurred in Class IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances.

(ii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery in each State during the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39. During 1947-48 increases occurred in all States, New South Wales showing the largest increase, £11.5 million.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY.(a)

(£.)

Year.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania,	Australia.
1938-39 1943-44 1944-45 1945-46 1946-47 1947-48	::	62,692,956 73,803,954 73,039,252 72,560,630 75.234,273 86,714,082	38,626,743 55,457,719 58,571,064 58,537,394 59,124,802 65,829,201	18,095,415 17,886,417 18,134,011 18,690,541 19,995,249 21,830,685	9,749,679 18,415,477 17,955,288 19,017,955 18,408,224 20,239,623	8,095,064 7,364,909 8,254,231 8,507,705 8,430,574 9,189,910	6,402,270 8,064,293 7,963,214 8,230,715 8,499,969 9,915,837	143,662,12 180,992,76 183,917,06 185,544,946 189,693,09

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented plant.

(iii) Value according to Class of Industry, 1947-48. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery used in factories in each State during 1947-48 according to class of industry.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1947-48.

(36.)											
Class of Industry.	Ŋ.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.				
I. Treatment of Non- metalliferous Mine and Quarry Pro-											
ducts	2,978,366	1,671,133	406,380	668,439	172,225	164,408	6,060,951				
etc	2,221,666	852,639	156,963	249.373	176,493	42,703	3,699.837				
and Grease IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Con-	7,358,092	6,095,233	273,235	2,676.720	1,077,369	35,235	17.515,884				
veyances V. Precious Metals.	30,529,076	17,176,695	3,820,032	5,904,895	1,750,371	1,898,857	61,079.926				
Jewellery and Plate VI. Textiles and Textile	205,928	311,217	18,149	22,648	19,804	2,888	580,634				
Goods (not Dress) VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Foot-	4,048,970	5,021,903	202,028	562,104	106,568	259,235	10,200,808				
wear) VIII. Clothing (except Knit-	695,642	688,251	141,661	163,600	111,783	63,432	1,864,369				
ted) IX. Food. Drink and	2,543,854	2,395,651	298,046	366,672	231,888	68,969	5,905,080				
Tobacco X. Woodworking and	11,715,049	9,205,956	11,011,956	2,989,901	2,061,180	1,015,354	37,999,396				
Basketware XI. Furniture of Wood,			1,047,537				1.55 1.55				
Bedding, etc. XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	469,009	335,510	134,611	112,257	102,894	35,146	1,189,427				
binding, etc	1.410.030	3,253,305	640,388	783,775	301.216	2,128,547	11,517,261				
XIII. Rubber	764,412			74,373							
XIV. Musical Instruments XV. Miscellaneous Pro-	61,851		985	1,347	639		80,304				
ducts	1,087,599	1,033,027	47,814	86,966	86,112	14,901	2,356,419				
Total, Classes I. to XV.	71,972,377	50,619,671	18,288,329	15,011,246	6,750,262	6,254,243	168,896,128				
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	14,741,705	15,209,530	3,542,356	5,228,377	2,439,648	3,661,594	44,823,210				
Grand Total	86,714,082	65,829,201	21,830,685	20,239,623	9,189,910	9,915,837	213,719,338				

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented plant.

^{4.} Depreciation of Land and Buildings and Plant and Machinery.—The following table shows the allowance made for the depreciation of land and buildings and plant and machinery used in connexion with the manufacturing industries in each State during the year 1947-48 as recorded by factory proprietors at the annual census of factory production.

ALLOWANCE FOR DEPRECIATION OF LAND AND BUILDINGS AND PLANT AND MACHINERY, 1947-48.

(£.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
I. Treatment of Non-							
metalliferous Mine		i	Į		1		
and Quarry Pro-	562,199	145 206	57543	24 700	00.555	45.080	867,671
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass,	302,199	1.45,296	57,543	34,700	22,551	45,382	307,071
etc	370,587	137.517	17,953	39,656	16,378	3,756	585,847
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Ex-							
plosives, Paints, Oils	0-6-0-			0			0
and Grease IV. Industrial Metals.	806,980	426,531	37,299	132,897	100,737	12,774	1,517,218
Machines, Con-	j l				1	1	
veyan c es	3,368,996	1.744.563	357,474	801.590	151,362	266,059	6,690,044
V. Precious Metals,	1						
Jewellery and Plate VI. Textiles and Textile	25,435	40,395	1,335	3,006	1,293	123	71,587
Goods (not Dress)	512,729	827,725	12,196	83,552	19,679	32,930	1,488,811
VII. Skins and Leather (not	312,729	027,723	12,190	03,332	19,079	3~,930	1,400,011
Clothing or Foot-	1 .						
wear)	86,907	90,711	10,952	26,792	12,479	333	228,174
VIII. Clothing (except Knit- ted)	319,970	284,522	26,444	36,202	26,060	8,387	707 FO4
IX. Food, Drink and	319,970	204.522	20,444	30,202	20,009	0,307	701,594
Tobacco	1,220,337	938,958	777,079	310,514	190.875	113,672	3,551,435
X. Woodworking and							
Basketware	340,795	203,422	112,873	58,997	57,338	58,859	832,284
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	53,639	34,776	17,796	13,456	13,663	3,117	136,447
XII. Paper, Stationery,	33,039	34.770	17,790	13,430	13,003	3,117	130,447
Printing, Book-	1						
binding, etc	574,268					150,327	
XIII. Rubber XIV. Musical Instruments	216,363		13.329			3,719	469,414
XV. Musical Instruments XV. Miscellaneous Pro-	7,101	. 1,284	39	21	109	• •	8,554
ducte	138.612	156,123	4,273	15,409	4.638	1,336	320,391
Total, Classes I. to XV					651,767	700,774	18,831.364
XVI. Heat, Light and		<u> </u>			311,47		, 55-7
Power	826,410	181,269	225,255	328,138	141,096	57,838	1,760,006
Grand Total	9,431,328	5.873.586	1.742,460	1,992,512	792,863	758,612	20.591,370

In the following table particulars are given of the recorded values of land and buildings and plant and machinery in use by factories in Australia as at 30th June of the years 1939 and 1944 to 1948 and the value of additions and replacements made and depreciation allowed during each year.

VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY: AUSTRALIA. (£'000.)

Book Value 30th Jun			Additions a ments du	nd Replace- ring year.	Depreciation allowed during year.		
Year.		Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.
1938-39 1943-44 1944-45 1945-46 1946-47 1947-48		130,920 177,147 182,580 186,939 193,152 211,143	143,662 180,993 183,917 185,545 189,693 213,719	5,578 9,741 5,020 6,245 7,791 9,739	17,781 19,544 17,780 21,766 27,110 35,616	1,911 3,532 2,978 2,537 2,747 2,537	8,736 17,275 15,808 14,597 15,978 18,054

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented premises and machinery.

§ 9. Individual Industries.

- 1. General.—The preceding pages afford a general view of the magnitude of industries in the sixteen groups adopted by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. While it is not possible, within the limits of this work, to give a detailed account of each industry, particular industries dealt with hereunder are of special importance because of the employment which they provide for labour and capital or for other features of special interest. Where there are only one to two establishments of a particular industry in a State, details of activities are not published, but are combined with some other factory group so that operations of individual concerns will not be disclosed.
- 2. Portland Cement and Cement Goods.—The manufacture of portland cement and cement goods is an important industry included in Class I. Following changes in classification introduced in 1945–46 and 1946–47, it is now possible to publish separate details for each of the three groups Portland Cement, Asbestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings, and Other Cement Goods. Particulars for each group are shown for 1947–48 in the following table.

PORTLAND CEMENT, ASBESTOS CEMENT SHEETS ETC., AND OTHER CEMENT GOODS: AUSTRALIA, 1947-48.

Items.			Portland Cement.	Ashestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings.	Other Cement Goods.	Total.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Total value of output Value of production			1,836 881,61x 1,868,805 691,615 877,251 1,432.803 3,919,596 1,609,542	2,043 312,719 306,675 787,876 43,211 1,510,498 2,939,857 1,386,148	307 2,877 644,445 742,468 946,136 39,099 1,429,257 3,202,313 1,733,957	328 6,756 1,838,775 2,917.948 2,425,627 959,561 4,372,558 10,061,766 4,729,647
Portland cement, grey, produced	••	ton £	1,012,911	::	::	1,012,911 3,893,023
Asbestos Cement Building Sheets	• •	sq. yd. £		19,695,311 2,076,715		19,695,311 2,076,715

3. Chemicals. Drugs and Medicines.—In 1945-46 the classification of factories was amended to provide for the separate tabulation of factories engaged in the production of industrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids and those engaged in producing Pharmaceutical and Toilet Preparations which previously had been combined. Details for each of these industries are given in the next two tables for 1947-48. However, it should be noted that in order to avoid the publication of confidential information, particulars relating to Industrial and Heavy Chemicals include details for the explosives industry.

INDUSTRIAL AND HEAVY CHEMICALS AND ACIDS (INCLUDING EXPLOSIVES), 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	3,297,318 1,399,617 316,791 4,127,617 7,424,847	1,748,633	16, 210 46,339 76,870 71,329 17,285 126,267 303,676 160,124	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	182 8,901 10,930,497 9,312,886 3,613,670 759,986 7,862,696 15,511,474 6,888,798

⁽a) Not available for publication; included with total for Australia.

PHARMACEUTICAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Тав.	Australia.
Number of factories	140 3,068 1,016,557 318,782 896,287 27,231 3,197,437 6,569,757 3,345,089	428,089 314,555	73,068 116,604 42,914	(a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	213 5,491 1,635,835 726,820 1,555,710 62,550 5,750,891 11,358,547 5,545,106

(a) Not available for publication; included with total for Australia.

4. White Lead, Paint and Varnish.—(i) Details for each State. The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1947-48:—

WHITE LEAD, PAINT AND VARNISH FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	67: 2,691 988,610 579,698: 1,084,747 83,956 4,899,180 7,380,076	297,766 181,300 310,946 16,453 1,985,601 2,995,635	18,407 32,899 1,567 263,647 422,656	130,993 89,251 119,980 6,504 867,615 1,241,125	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	143 3,980 1,474,227 882,794 1,565,684 109,255 8,155,047 12,240,763 3,976,461

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

(ii) Total for Australia. The next table gives particulars for the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39:—

WHITE LEAD, PAINT AND VARNISH FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946–47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	102 2,271 761,345 324,222 535,014 44,992 2,275,027 3,905,104 1,585,085	111 2,350 897,777 415,552 727,843 66,262 3,943,679 5,931,990 1,922,049	2,501 936,927 459,252 792,437 70,274 4,465,958 6,694,321 2,158,089	122 3,197 973,166 524,065 1,005,121 80,675 4,775,075 7,304,167 2,448,417	133 3,612 1,064,876 602,967 1,243,482 94,115 5,950,115 9,233,244 3,189,014	143 3,980 1,474,227 882,791 1,565,684 109,255 8,155,047 12,240,763 3,976,461

5. Soap and Candle Factories.—(i) Details for each State. The following table gives particulars of soap and candle factories in each State for 1947-48:—

SOAP AND CANDLE FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	1,896 406,216 167,852 676,146 66,221 2,397,080 4,363,984 1,900,683	186,454 161,384 252,016 88,230 1,280,420 2,069,443	37,688 21,875 108,419 8,444 293,032 473,074	187 49,892 36,792 61,061 6,319 171,856	8,003 20,087 2,475 126,913 177,796	47,229	709,054 398,057 1,123,933 172,844

(ii) Total for Australia. The next table gives similar particulars for the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39:—

SOAP	AND	CANDLE	FACTORIES:	AUSTRALIA.
------	-----	--------	------------	------------

Items.	1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1940-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	65	65	67	73	79	88
	2,620	2,938	2,906	3,020	3.181	3,204
	665,546	686,091	675,578	676,405	705.060	709,054
	576,732	422,467	376,788	372,940	376,810	398,057
	501,174	805,919	779,341	860,354	946,193	1,123,933
	76,283	139,713	126,739	123,250	127.517	172,844
	1,567,999	2,757,710	2,853,368	3,051,046	3,062.673	4,295,105
	3,529,723	5,290,607	5,464,765	5,801,953	5.964,437	7,402,849
	1,885,441	2,303,184	2,484,658	2,627,657	2.714,247	2,934,840

(iii) Raw Materials Used and Production. The following statement shows the quantities of certain raw materials used and the production in soap and candle factories in Australia for the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39:—

SOAP AND CANDLE FACTORIES: RAW MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, AUSTRALIA.

Partic	ulars.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945–46.	1946-47.	194748.
Tallow used Alkali used Cocoa-nut oil	cwt.	229,881	856,031 201,992	859,109 203,697	834,057 160,304	768.939 153.036	893,826 156,042
and unrefined Soap made (a) Candles made	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	138,954	74,915 1,461,209 38,291	79,299 1,512,361 23,159	86,576 1,535,304 23,194	57.191 1,478 877 10.539	80,518 1,679,839 13,382

⁽a) Soap made in all factories including those not classified as "Soap and Candles" factories.

The output for the year comprised the following quantities of soap:—Household, 599,144 cwt.; Flakes and Chips, 48,698 cwt.; Industrial, 60,971 cwt.; Sand, 63,293 cwt.; Toilet, 260,009 cwt.; Shaving (including Sticks and Creams), 9,517 cwt.; Soft, 23,458 cwt.; Liquid (including liquid Shampoo), 84,438 cwt.; Soap Extracts and Powders (including Shampoo Powder), 530,311 cwt. This includes 105,766 cwt. of soap made in establishments not classified as Soap and Candle Factories.

6. Chemical Fertilizers.—(i) Details for each State. The following table gives particulars of the factories engaged in the manufacture of chemical fertilizers in each State during 1947-48. Details of the consumption, imports and exports of fertilizers will be found in Chapter XX.—"Agricultural Production".

CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	14 552 181,018 457,579 238,881 46,291 1,217,476 1,673,809 410,042	474,124 697,311 541,949 78,311 3,474,435 4,626,828	89,165 101,193 71,015 3,810 682,839 844,843	365,467 746,199 358,869 43,839 1,801,974 2,428,471	576,979 839,670 315,748	15,005 22,735 1,464 240,948 269,367	1,721,533 2,856,957 1,549,197

(ii) Total for Australia. The development of this industry since 1938-39 is set out hereunder:—

CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1943–44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946–47.	1947-48.
Number of feeteries Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used £ Value of materials used £ Total value of output £ Value of production . £	36 2,540 1,449,157 2,352,819 601,477 113,749 3,231,053 4,944,800 1,599,998	36 1,818 1,454,051 2,244,501 632,115 86,876 3,659,176 4,867,464 1,121,412	38 2,452 1,468,653 2,365,895 872,466 122,215 5,938,073 7,700,895 1,640,607	38 3,127 1,571,948 2,409,368 1,091,275 181,418 7,898,493 10,046,710 1,966,799	39 3,459 1,617,318 2,396,535 1,283,817 205,302 8,288,987 10,577,165 2,082,876	3,621 1,721,533 2,856,957 1,549,197 269,605 9,958,424 13,107,526 2,879,497

7. Iron and Steel Works and Engineering.—(i) General. In 1945-46 the classification of factories was amended to provide for the tabulation in four separate groups of those industries previously included under Iron and Steel and Engineering. The first group (Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel) covers blast furnaces, steel works and rolling mills. The second group, Foundries (Ferrous), covers those engaged in the founding of iron and steel. The third group (Plant, Equipment and Machinery including Machine Tools) covers those industries engaged in the production of boilers, engines, machines including machinery, machine tools, structural steel fabrications, steel furniture, etc. The fourth group (Other Engineering) includes jobbing and general engineers not elsewhere included.

(ii) Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel. In the following table particulars are given for 1947-48 for each State for the group Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel.

SMELTING, CONVERTING, REFINING AND ROLLING OF IRON AND STEEL,

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.		
Number of factories	17	12		<u> </u>			31		
Number of persons engaged	11,246	(a)		, (a)	(a)		12,503		
Value of land and buildings £	2,031,349		٠.	(a)	(a)		2,379,084		
Value of plant and machinery £	4.964,657	(a)		(a)	(a)		5,670,072		
Salaries and wages paid £	5,177.738	(a)		(a)	(a)		5,771,917		
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	3,440,427,			(a)	(a)		4,232,728		
Value of materials used £	24,744,251		٠	(a)	(a)		25,418,770		
Total value of output £	39.288,670	(a)		(a)	(a)		41,932,002		
Value of production £	11,103,992	(a)		, (a)	(a)		12,280,498		
	'		ı	1	;		1		

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

(iii) Foundries (Ferrous). Particulars covering those industries engaged in the founding of iron and steel are given for each State for 1947-48 in the following table:—
FOUNDRIES (FERROUS), 1947-48.

Tas.

Australia.

Number of factories . Number of persons engaged 2,568 436,948 262,572 6,597 2.617 Value of land and buildings 49,118 1,163,251 67,137 552.715 57,333 63,064 384,128 Value of plant and machinery £ 73,776 857,288 73,748 Salaries and wages paid 1,083,259 1,003,973 98,841 151,584 195,572 2,597,357 Value of power, fuel, etc. used£ Value of materials used £ 87,830 11,159 99,786 28,995 105,882 584.464 858,485 2,182,765 2,408,338 1,763,798 5,676,660 115,181 Total value of output 337.000 393,389 355,168 Value of production ... 1,451,012 258,568 3,666,397 1,510,471 226,055

(iv) Plant, Equipment and Machinery including Machine Tools. In the next table particulars are given for 1947-48 for those industries included in the third group mentioned previously.

PLANT, EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY (INCLUDING MACHINE TOOLS), 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	703	362	76	84	. 61		1,286
Number of persons engaged	26,211	14,212	3.535	5,198	1,753		50,909
Value of land and buildings £	4,878,587						9,106,337
Value of plant and machinery £	4,287,317				321,441		8,662,482
balaries and wages paid £	10,000,002						19,315,641
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	354,463						. 730,008
Value of materials used £	13,496,147	7,399,315	1,384,301	2,540,387			25,417,385
Total value of output £		16,093,150					54,926,797
	14,928,542						28,779,404

(v) Other Engineering. Details covering jobbing and general engineering works are given for each State for 1947-48 in the following table.

OTHER ENGINEERING, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	528		66		97	57	
Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £	3,917 1,561,888		148,031	314,149	115,153		14,232 3,652,629 2,899,427
Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	1,177,757	2,250,544	246,226	734,702	132,159	261,154	4,802,542
Value of materials used £ Total value of output £	3,255,813	2,072,488 5,558,920	308,476 676,060	633,195 1,689,290	384,811	598,578	4,566,847 12,163,472
Value of production £	2.014,300	3,415,287	357,837	1,028,906	227,848	380,726	7,424,904

8. Extracting and Refining of Non-ferrous Metals; Alloys.—(i) Details for each State. The following table gives particulars of metal extraction and ore reduction works, other than those connected with iron and steel. The returns exclude ore reduction works operating at mines.

EXTRACTING AND REFINING OF NON-FERROUS METALS; ALLOYS, 1947-48

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	21	16.	10	3,		4	54
Number of persons engaged	1,684	208	887	1,631		2,433	
Value of land and buildings £	297,696		275,412	103,491		725,022	
Value of plant and machinery £	1,110,278					1,246,904	
Salaries and wages paid £	825,182						3,379,030
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	374,884	13,327					1,358,463
Value of materials used £	13,891,581			11,679,783		2,724,145	30,757,008
Total value of output £	17,539,312						42,779,193
Value of production €	3,272,847			1,609,149		2,503,658	10,663,722
=	[;		

⁽a) In Western Australia the majority of the plants are worked on the mines and are therefore not included.

(ii) Total for Australia. The development of this industry since 1938-39 is set out hereunder:—

EXTRACTING AND REFINING OF NON-FERROUS METALS: ALLOYS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946–47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	5.532 1,177,348 3,525,659 1,613,107 597,951 16,844,310 21,333,872	6,321 1,358,722 3,930,910 2,291,782 7,88,797 17,755,594 23,513,675 4,969,284	5,885 1,359,548 3,816,583 2,173,352 1,033,829 16,567,693 22,750,733 5,149,211	6,060 1,384,721 3,795,038 2,279,972 1,057,934 18,042,070 24,626,916 5,526,906	6,597 1,577,706 3,680,348 2,856,150 1,166,337 26,806,144 37,406,311 9,433,830	5,4 6,843 1,461,458 3,833,901 3,379,030 1,358,463 30,757,008 42,779,193 10,663,722

9. Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus.—(i) Details for Each State. The tollowing table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1947-48:—

ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, CABLES AND APPARATUS, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	358	214	36	53 989	59	12	732
Number of persons engaged	18,585	6,577	729	989	592	107	
Value of land and buildings £	2,925,112	1,096,714	112,977	195,375	116,280	41,748	4,488,206
Value of plant and machinery £	2,001,600	753,506	72,191	83,245	44,438	32,983	
Salaries and wages paid £	6,426,999	2,306,918	233,491	299,177	158,300	29,406	9,454,291
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	203,594	65,131	4,920	11,370	5,105	1,297	291,417
Value of materials used £	9,011,641	4,204,538	326,241	473,995	247,972	45,865	14,310,252
Total value of output £	18,832,647	6,780,949	692,606	986,225	509,908		27,891,275
Value of production £		2,511,280	361,445				13,289.606

(ii) Total for Australia. The increased output of electrical energy in Australia within recent years, referred to in par. 39 below, caused a corresponding demand for electrical equipment. Difficulties, due to war, in obtaining electrical equipment from abroad have been responsible for considerable development in the manufacture of electrical goods and equipment in Australia, as shown in the following table.

ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, CABLES AND APPARATUS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	360	431	475	551	658	732
	10,666	20,659	21,669	22,825	25,077	27,579
	1,627,183	2,713,999	2,829,443	3,507,375	3,950,804	4,488,206
	896,553	1,724,045	1,806,169	2,084,018	2,524,818	2,987,963
	2,031,098	5,710,782	5,857,210	6,301,035	7,455,375	9,454,291
	104,594	193,542	190,677	208,729	244,384	291,417
	3,195,032	7,804,575	7,991,641	8,085,443	10,467,524	14,310,252
	6,954,498	16,346,709	16,892,366	17,789,829	21,996,743	27,891,275
	3,654,872	8,348,592	8,710,048	9,495,657	11,284,835	13,289,606

10. Railway and Tramway Workshops.—(i) Details for each State, 1947–48. The railway and tramway workshops which form an important item in Class IV. are chiefly State-owned institutions and their development is a reflection of the growth of the railway and tramway systems of Australia. The following table includes, in addition, municipal establishments for manufacturing and repairing rolling stock. Private institutions numbering 9 in 1947–48 have been excluded:—

TRAMCARS AND RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK(a), 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land,	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid Ž Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used Total value of output £ Value of production £	12,987,090	1,392,840 375,743 2,587,775	5,358 564,346 477,065 1,699,598 39,053 923,626 2,959,151	1.096,922 1.028,610 1.603,014 64.053 881,435 2,804,929	3,039 569.960 497.960 1,071,466 41,751 914.522 2,436,428	178,943 319,170 11,016 103,229 476,456	7,513,508 6,525,018 14,297,402

(a) Government and municipal only.

A railway workshop in the Northern Territory is chiefly engaged in making repairs to rolling stock, etc., no new goods being manufactured. Particulars of this establishment are not included in any of the tables in this chapter.

(ii) Total for Australia. The following table shows the development of railway and tramway workshops in Australia since 1938-39:—

TRAMCARS AND RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK(a): AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	226,108 4,976,353 13,223,114			371,865 8,143,346 22,308,803	370,715 8,131,925 22,773,668	128 37,496 7,513,508 6,525,018 14,297,402 371,626 9,074,37 26,833,047 17,387,049

(a) Government and Municipal only.

II. Motor Vehicles.—The industries catering for the motor trade are included in Class IV. "Industrial Metals, Machines and Conveyances". In the table below a summary is given of the principal statistics for 1947-48 for each branch of industry associated with the motor trade of Australia.

MOTOR VEHICLES: CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC.: AUSTRALIA, 1947-48.

Items.			Construc- tion and Assembly.	Motor Bodies.	Repairs.	Motor. Acces- sories,	Total.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Total value of output Value of production		**********	55 6,902 1,445,261 821,208 2,815,700 93,223 645,070 5,821,317 5,083,024	337 13,990 2,060,236 1,228,894 5,287,738 124,705 6,674,612 13,567,021 6,767,704	4,082 29,886 9,557,873 2,843,230 8,726,121 282,037 9,321,832 23,359,141 13,755,272	118 5,210 988,158 1,026,724 2,054,144 97,579 1,875,859 5,118,418 3,144,980	4,592 55,988 14,051,528 5,920,056 18,883,703 597,544 18,517,373 47,865,897 28,750,986

In the next table similar details are shown on a State basis for these brancher combined.

MOTOR VEHICLES: CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC., 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas. (a)	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used Total value of output £ Value of production £	1,883,447 5,633,041 202,480 5,311,075 14,980,457	6,865,546 204,354 6,120,718	453,000 1,515,966 52,509 1,524,720 4,446,260	9,780 1,307,207 1,126,476 3,672,762 97,618 4,077,108 8,897,166	3.033 897,760 303,492 869,930 33,602 1,142,520 2,726,227	80,875 326,458 6,981 341,232 851,358	55,988 14,051,528 5,920,056 18,883,703

(a) Includes horse-drawn vehicles.

The table below shows the output of motor bodies together with the number imported into Australia for 1938-39 and the years 1942-43 to 1947-48:—

MOTOR BODIES (a): PRODUCTION AND IMPORTS, AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945–46.	1946–47.	1947-48.
Motor Bodies— Number made No. Value			29,309 2,582,912 694 60,231		19,473 2,356,778 223 34,050	742	

(a) Excludes sidecars.

In the next table particulars are given of the number and value of motor chassis imported into Australia for the years shown.

MOTOR CHASSIS: IMPORTS, AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number imported No. Value £	76,094 7.315,321	14,547 4,056,496	9,186 2,900,638	6,660 3,153,608	10,113		66,83 <i>2</i> 15,180,490

- 12. Agricultural Machines and Implements.—(i) General. Owing to the extensive agricultural activities conducted in Australia and the demand for modern mechanized farm equipment the manufacture of agricultural implements constitutes an important branch of Australian industry. The articles manufactured include a wide range of implements for tillage, seeding and planting and the harvesting of crops. Other farm machinery made includes oil engines, windmills, chaff-cutters and machinery used in the dairying industry.
- (ii) Details for States. The following table gives details of agricultural implement works in each State for 1947-48:--

AGRICULTURAL MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used Total value of output £ Value of production		4,557 836,504 1,034,171 1,869,139 118,099	108,095 131,909 439,246 20,332 442,240 994,967	151,042 218,248 466,774 38,599 503,511 1,120,825	62,699 20,537 55,694 1,135 18,189 96,780		186 9,185 1,530,940 1,625,335 3,498,858 204,060 3,578,619 8,397,643 4,614,961

(iii) Total for Australia. Comparative statistics for 1938-39 and the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 are given hereunder:—

AGRICHITHRAL	MACHINES AT	ID IMPLEMENTS:	ALISTRALIA

Items.	1938-39,	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946–47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	161	145	146	172	181	186
	6,563	9,178	9,149	9,510	8,743	9,185
	996,949	1,046,702	1,035,331	1,199,952	1,251,975	1,530,940
	910,520	1,121,626	1,265,985	1,229,597	1,232,482	1,625,335
	1,373,213	2,821,968	2,745,909	2,893,892	2,856,273	3,498,858
	81,736	198,680	187,970	186,150	172,416	204,060
	1,485,018	2,822,460	2,817,698	2,717,302	2,901,313	3,578,619
	3,403,091	6,604,402	6,589,942	6,701,344	6,717,194	8,397,643
	1,836,337	3,583,262	3,584,274	3,797,892	3,643,465	4,614,964

13. Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus.—The introduction of wireless broadcasting in 1923 gave rise to a new industry in Australia. Early statistical details of the industry are not available as they were grouped together with other electrical apparatus. In 1930–31 a new classification of factories was adopted and "Wireless Apparatus" was shown as a separate industry. The industry is confined mainly to New South Wales and Victoria, but is becoming increasingly important in South Australia. The number of broadcast listeners' licences increased from 331,128 in 1930–31 to 1,832,816 in 1947–48 and this increase reflects the advancement of the industry during that period. During the war years considerable expansion took place in the industry to meet the requirements of the fighting services and apart from a slight drop in output in 1945–46, this expansion has continued.

WIRELESS AND AMPLIFYING APPARATUS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945–46.	1946–47.	1947–48.
Number of factories	72 4,828 557,953 305,468 754,302 23,525 1,355,683 2,502,338 1,123,130	85 11,020 895,642 613,088 2,959,291 68,553 3,379,511 7,190,028 3,741,964	89 10,534 998,470 643,914 2,784,985 70,055 3,445,575 7,290,352 3,774,722	8,709 969,105 711,805 2,295,866 58,240 3,446,056 6,514,935 3,010,639	8,935 1,133,159 587,179 2,569,401 62,365 4,169,444 7,721,018 3,489,209	134 9,543 1,115,494 643,732 3,070,698 91,072 4,919,968 9,235,861 4,224,821

The number of domestic receiving sets assembled in 1947-48 was 333,332 and the number of domestic chassis (unmounted) made was 119,747 compared with 163,821 and 123,655 respectively in 1938-39.

- 14. Cotton.—(i) General. Cotton has been grown in Australia since 1860, but never on a very large scale. The average annual quantity of unginned cotton produced during the five years ended 1938-39 was 18 million lb. and slightly under 5 million lb. in the five years ended 1947-48. Arising out of the development in the local manufacture of cotton materials and the further expansion following the outbreak of war in 1939, plans were completed for an extension of the area devoted to the cultivation of this crop, but since the commencement of the Pacific War there has been a definite downward trend. The growing of cotton, which is restricted to Queensland, is referred to in some detail in Chapter XX.—"Agricultural Production".
- (ii) Ginning. The ginning and marketing of cotton is controlled by the Queensland Cotton Board. The Board operates ginneries and processes by-products. The production of raw cotton is insufficient for local factory requirements and is supplemented by imports from overseas, chiefly from India, Brazil and the United States of America.
- (iii) Spinning and Weaving. The recent expansion in the spinning and weaving section of the cotton industry marks an important event in its development. New factories have been established and Australia is now producing an extensive range of

cotton goods, including duck and canvas from cotton or flax, denims, drill, etc., tyre cord and tyre cord fabric. The number of establishments engaged in cotton spinning and weaving in Australia and other particulars of the industry are given in the following table for the five years ended 1947-48 in comparison with 1938-39.

COTTON	CDINNING	AND	WEAVING .	AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., use d £ Value of materials used £ Total value of output £ Value of production . £	33	70	74	78	81	79
	3,589	7,908	7,667	7,253	7,765	7,702
	703,750	1,427,401	1,523,800	1,529,150	1,709,711	1,867,737
	735,529	2,080,785	2,170,792	1,913,775	1,985,327	2,042,326
	493,109	1,768,268	1,732,481	1,714,669	2.152,044	2,511,918
	50,011	142,534	146,726	149,990	186,563	209,096
	1,357,280	5,375,438	5,370,733	4,559,560	5,574,689	6,075,570
	2,385,990	8,930,324	8,879,653	7,936,716	9,499,843	10,371,439
	978,699	3,412,352	3,362,194	3,227,166	3,738,591	4,086,773

15. Wool Carding, Spinning and Weaving.—(i) Details for each State. The importance of this industry is emphasized by the fact that Australia is the world's chief source of wool and the development of the woollen industry since its establishment at an early period in Australian history is of singular interest. The production consists chiefly of woollen cloth and tweed, worsted cloth rugs, blankets and yarn, all of which have acquired a reputation for purity and durability. The following table gives particulars for 1947–48.

WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	1,376,292 2,404,414 187,761 5,067,287 9,269,076	1,836,130 1,703,135 3,606,286	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	41,000 68,363 187,504 29,451 376,251 703,182 297,480	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	2,717,853	3,459,547 3,527,484 7,164,651

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.

(ii) Total for Australia. The extent of the wool textile industry in Australia in the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39 is shown in the following table. Detailed particulars for the several States are not available for publication.

WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39. (a)	1943-44. (a)	1944~45. (a)	1945-46	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	90 19,608 2,380,009 3,369,517 2,887,907 392,537	24,858 2,867,297 2,995,835 5,896,320 658,800	23,095 2,996,246 2,967,911 5,484,589 609,139		126 22,851 3,080,180 3,060,414 6,085,426 615,667	
Value of materials used Total value of output Value of production £ Woollen cloth and tweed sq. yd.	7,331,117 12,514,610 4,790,956 8,336,226	15,455,106 25,433,289 9,319,383	13,780,546 23,250,907 8,861,222 12,679,864	12,314,413 21,776,979 8,951,150 16,707,262	14,133,889 25,153,735 10,404,179 18,626,138	16,072,097 29,030,831 12,286,702 18,811,635
Worsted Cloth	17,986,091 792,314 2,143,835	19,944,042 1,840,316 2,611,476	17,296,854 1,395,201 2,205,174	12,643,557 1,022,388	14,276,818 746,048 2,682,917	16,459,496 827,789 3,227,006
For underwear (pure) ,, For underwear (mixtures) ,, Blankets pair	1,557,373 813,530 573,795	2,704,382 218,431 1,687,729	2,020,022 185,630 1.597.395	1,566,932 655,803 981,036	3 1,850,643	

⁽a) Includes Woolscouring Works in Victoria and Tasmania and Woolscouring Works and Fellmongeries in South Australia.

16. Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods.—(i) Details for each State: In addition to the woollen mills there were 420 hosiery and knitting mills operating in Australia during 1947-48. The total number of persons engaged in these establishments was 20,337, of whom 14,160 were females. Details for each State are shown in the following table:—

HOSIERY AND OTHER KNITTED GOODS, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	120	2781		2 9	7		420
Number of persons engaged	5,911	13,741	(a)	122	154	(a)	20,337
Value of land and buildings £	931,238	1.747.451	(a)	17,600	19,172	(a)	2,753,994
Value of plant and machinery £	673.744			12,328		(a)	1,964,508
Salaries and wages paid £	1,608,754		(a)	28,143		(a)	5,469,665
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	59,614	168,766	(a)	989	1,553	(a)	235.077
Value of materials used £		6,929,171	(a)	32,550		(a)	10,897,800
Total value of output £		13,496,207	(a)	82.977		(a)	20,661,106
Value of production £		6,398,270	(a)	49,438		(a)	9,528,220

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

(ii) Total for Australia. Comparative statistics for 1938-39 and the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 are shown in the following table:—

HOSIERY AND OTHER KNITTED GOODS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	19 -6-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	313 18,159 1,962,336 1,930,564 2,331,536 133,154 4,284,216 8,226,468 3,809,098	2,243,181	363 16,691 2,354,232 1,295,962 3,290,370 169,935 7,141,525 13,038,366 5,726,906	376 17,091 2,444,369 1,358,482 3,687,445 185,159 7,202,997 13,252,876 5,864,720	397 19,264 2,608,352 1,521,026 4,502,549 212,469 8,786,552 16,831,684 7,832,663	420 20,337 2,753,994 1,964,508 5,469,665 235,077 10,897,809 20,661,106 9,528.220

⁽iii) Raw Materials used and Production, 1947–48. The main raw materials consumed in establishments manufacturing hosiery and other knitted goods during 1947–48 consisted of woollen yarn, 9,761,887 lb; cotton yarn, 8,725,841 lb.; and rayon yarn, 5,227,106 lb. Production comprised 38,346,048 garments, valued at £10,246,169; 1,567,448 dozen pairs of stockings, valued at £4,657,275; and 1,982,097 dozen pairs of socks, valued at £2,769,945.

17. Tanning, Currying and Leather Dressing.—(i) Details for each State. In Class VII. the most important industry is tanning. Formerly the production of tanneries in Australia was confined to the coarser sorts of leathers, but there are now very few kinds which cannot be produced locally, and an export trade has been built up in some varieties.

TANNING, CURRYING AND LEATHER DRESSING, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	74 1,969 475,526 357,685 818,405 62,259 2,542,668 3,805,662 1,200,735	535,292 354,257 1,000,531 78,484 2,592,019 4,214,377	62,759 79,301 215,883 14,362	188 35,177 28,139 67,706 4,301 196,159,	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	149 5,361 1,154,301 857,186 2,182,874 165,777 6,308,195 9,804,867 3,330,895

⁽a) Not available for publication; i.gures are included in the total for Australia.

(ii) Total for Australia. The development of the tanning industry during the years 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48 is shown in the following table:—

TANNING, CURRYING AND LEATHER DRESSING: AUSTRALIA.

Items,	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number or factories	132	142	147	152	154	1.19
Number of persons engaged	4,375	4,631	4,668	5,022	5,428	5,361
Value of land and buildings £	813,713	919,016	952,161	1,048,240	1,127,454	1,154,301
Value of plant and machinery £	523,538	543,796	605,625	704,551	785,894	857,186
Salaries and wages paid £	919.781	1,495,549	1,520,672	1,662,156	1.953,573	2,182,874
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	87,670	135,568	131,818	127.824	148,501	165,777
Value of materials used £	2,983,041	5,007,149	4,959,660	5,237,697	6,218,200	6,308,195
Total value of output £	4,592,642	7,569,327	7,552,095	8,055,696	9,646 020	9,804,867
Value of production £	1,521,931	2,426,610	2,160,617	2,690,175	3,279,319	3.330,895

(iii) Raw Material Used and Production. The quantities of raw material used and leather produced in tanneries in each State in 1947-48 are shown in the following table. Some leather is also produced in works other than tanneries, but this is excluded.

TANNERIES: RAW MATERIAL USED AND PRODUCTION, 1947-48.

						, .,	
Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Hides No	. 896,698	1,041,683	371,241	(a)	130,340	(a)	2,560,818
0.16	550,752	563,685	(a)	2.372	(a)	(a)	1,282,810
Mank		(a)	(a)	2.3/2	(1)		1,231,771
ghoon ,	1,301,779	603,724	(a)	(a)		(a)	1,957,120
Married		69.719	: (a)	(a)	1 :: '		137,095
Dolta troated	, 1,962,859	(a)	! (a)	(a)	1 ::	::	2,716,454
Bark used—	, 1,902,039	1447	1 ""/	(4)		• • •	2,710,434
Wattle tons	3,551	4,284	2,432	1.357	(a)	(a)	11,807
Mallet ,	1 0,00	787		-1337	463		1,250
Other ,	1 (a)	830		(a)	56		1,773
Tanning extract used ,		3,158	2.153	(a)	1,091	(a)	11,792
Leather made-	, 1 4,33=	3,-3	1.233	1 ""	-,-9-	(-)	:/3-
Sole and Belting 1b	. 12,215,201	13,015,662	7.647.858	1,237,592	(a)	(a)	36,952,207
Harness ,	757.000	500.427	560,256	490,031	48,038		2,349,825
Upholstery sq. ft		(a)	1	(a)	, , , , , ,		8,938,966
Dressed and Upper from	1 ' '	1.	!	```			1 1123
Hides-	!	F	ļ	l			ľ
Sold by Measure	• [i	Í	1	1		
ment	1	ነ	1	1	1		
Patent sq. ft	. 288,605	1,000,209	1				1,288,814
All Other ,	, 13,086,059	17,683,530	5,316,980	1,638,161	(u)	(a)	39,870,123
Sold by Weight (al		1	1	1			
kinds) lb	55,774	191,649	(a)	129,846	(a)	(a)	408,227
Dressed from skins	1	1		1	1		ì
Calf sq. ft		4.385,787	(a)	(a)	38,611	(a)	9,504,464
Goat "	4,916,781	(a)	(a)	(a)			5,460,300
Sheep ,,	12,497,407	3.657.959	(a)	(u)	(a)		19,737,507
Marsupial "	70,019	340.737	(a)	(a)		• • •	562,905
	1	I	i	1	1	1	i

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

18. Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing Factories.—(i) Details for each State. Statistics showing the distribution in 1947-48 of this industry between States are shown in the following table:—

TAILORING AND READY-MADE CLOTHING FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	77,127 8,199,453 14,929,998	8,914 1,215,187 299,183 2,278,751	320,084 66,917 618,654 10,650 1,098,265 2,149,808	2,665' 385,390 84,021' 548,594 11,285 602,350	190,605 25,314 228,729 3,962 275,879 632,985	10,961 99,170 1,532 78,239 211,467	35,375 4,915,366 1,215,375 8,186,135

(ii) Total for Australia. Details for the five years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39 are as follows:—

TAILORING AND READY-MADE CLOTHING FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	1,177	1,160	1,268	1,420	1,576	1,687
	26,499	25,872	28,108	30,047	33,441	35,375
	3,175,748	3,453,279	3,728,531	4,141,584	4,655,424	4,915,366
	355,503	567,800	689,437	828,695	965,847	1,215,375
	3,168,472	4,543,027	4,970,774	5,506,614	6.899,245	8,186,135
	72,431	98,915	104,945	116,616	133,904	149,720
	4,946,519	8,843,064	9,416,961	9,616,801	12,255,029	15,232,733
	9,830,646	16,189,527	17,588,937	18,614,368	23,244,804	27,872,666
	4,811,696	7,247,548	8,067,031	8,880,951	10,855,871	12,490,213

19. Dressmaking, Hemstitching and Millinery Establishments.—Particulars of dressmaking, hemstitching and millinery establishments in Australia for the five years ended 1947-48 compared with 1938-39 are shown in the following table:—

DRESSMAKING, HEMSTITCHING AND MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENTS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946–47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	869	838	904	998	1,002	1,175
	16,398	13,822	15,604	18,051	20,437	20,893
	2,051,611	2,149,258	2,335,994	2,723,617	2,956,635	3,303,687
	189,263	237,809	279,771	362,065	438,127	509,603
	1,652,808	2,134,257	2,436,294	3,037,698	3,768,483	4,367,523
	33,067	39,699	45,088	57,379	66,489	77,300
	2,609,363	4,093,738	4,601,884	5,280,433	6,238,057	8,300,052
	5,234,727	7,874,479	8,806,159	10,507,792	12,330,358	15,665,395
	2,592,297	3,741,042	4,159,187	5,169,980	6,025,812	7,288,043

20. Shirts, Collars and Underclothing.—(i) Details for each State. Particulars of this industry are shown for 1947-48 in the following table:—

SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	194 5,492 798,638 272,873 1,226,412 20,515 3,165,167 5,117,236	210,535 1,003,249 19,268 3,376,470 5,255,858	54,406 33,324 199,011 3,325 220,190	18,679 99,269 1,594 126,142 266,529	42,425 12,460 93,810 979 178,218		404 11,880 1,631,574 547,871 2,621,751 45,681 7,066,187 11,465,829 4,353,961

(ii) Total for Australia. The following table shows the progress of the industry since 1938-39:—

SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	283 11,081 945,972 230,579 1,142,855 23,639 2,650,779 4,435,209 1,760,791	298 9,716 1,079,603 275,596 1,574,283 26,162 4,874,577 7,339,928 2,439,189	320 9,984 1,145,703 315,196 1,673,929 27,707 4,968,808 7,697,154 2,700,639	347 9,902 1,310,863 396,597 1,728,513 31,626 4,445,741 7,078,821 2,601,454	376 11,184 1,425,838 468,581 2,252,398 40,538 5,590,294 9,041,903 3,411,071	11,880 1,631,574 547,871 2,621,751 45,681 7,066,187 11,465,829 4,353,961

21. Boot and Shoe Making.—(i) Boot and Shoe (not Rubber) Factories. The boot and shoe factories hold an important place both in regard to employment afforded and extent of output. The following table relates to 1947-48 and refers to boot and shoe factories as distinct from those devoted to repairing and bespoke work. It has been necessary to include details of Boot and Shoe Repairing factories in Tasmania, in order to conceal confidential information for that State. Factories engaged in the manufacture of rubber boots and shoes are excluded, being classified under Rubber Goods (including Tyres made); vide par. 38.

BOOT AND SHOE (NOT RUBBER) FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used £ Total value of output £ Value of production £		11,039 909,639 784,065 3,302,882 52,762	74,098 88,980 368,955 3,690 538,931 1,049,949	1.413 93,545 123,683 387,775 5,626 511,776 990,306	638 53,495 59,835 165,294 2,488 237,057 463,041	12,275 43,164 634 66,667 124,918	22,230 1,940,712 1,460,183 6,483,054

(a) Includes details of Boot and Shoe Repairing.

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The number and value of boots, shoes and slippers made at factories in each State are shown for 1947-48 in the following table. Particulars relating to the output of rubber boots and shoes are not included:—

BOOT AND SHOE (NOT RUBBER) FACTORIES: OUTPUT, 1947-48.

Particulars.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.	
			·	QUANT	TY.			···	
Boots and shoes Slippers Uppers (b)		pairs	5,634,230 3,143,341 11,625	4,749,785	822,577	1,149,311 153,041 (a)		91,830	16,202,581 9,295,624 252,682
				VALU	E.				
Boots and shoes Slippers Uppers (b)		£ £	5,148,867 819,260 7,532	1,346,660	225,200			79,909 	14,081,346 2,561,174 73,611

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia. (b) Made for other than factory use.

22. Flour-milling.—(i) Details for States. The following table shows the position of the grain-milling industry in each State for the year 1947-48.

FLOUR-MILLING, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	56 1,674	39° 1,260	10 401	607		9	
Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £	991,769 841,746 701,324			210,159	254,038	82,458 26,731 55,733	2,033,778
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used £	124,699 8,820,079	100,317	25,273	55,263		6,412	
Total value of output £ Value of production £	10,489,850	8,015,452 972,435				628,577	28,112,916 3,704,809

(ii) Production of Flour and By-products. The production of flour by the mills in each State for the years 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48 was as follows:—

FLOUR-MILLING:	PRODUCTION	0F	FLOUR.
(Tons	of 2,000 lb.)		

Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39	 547,162	436,829	84,314	146,262	138,583	19,582	1,372,732
1943-44	496,853	409,190	125,603	149,892	159,799	17,153	1,358,490
1944-45	516,168	393,036	124,473	194,967	161,690	22,534	1,412,868
1945-46	451,895	315,525	96,984	164,986	166,791	22,657	1,218,838
1946-47	541,469	449,170	98,232	202,366	176,727	21,695	1,489,659
1947-48	552,784	501,325	108,022	215,155	197,104	23,753	1,598,143

The 1947-48 production of 1,598,143 tons of flour in Australia was valued at £21,979,405. In addition, 634,403 tons of bran and pollard, valued at £4,655,641, were made. The quantity of wheat ground was 76,926,847 bushels.

23. Bakeries.—Information regarding establishments in which the manufacture of bread, cakes, etc., was carried on in the year 1947-48 is given in the table below. It should be noted, however, that the details refer only to establishments coming within the definition of a factory, as explained in § 1, par. 1, page 1092. For that reason there is a large number of bakehouses omitted, and consequently the table does not give complete details of the industry. This is true of all other industries covered by the statistics of manufacturing production, but, in view of the omission of such a large number of establishments in this instance, special mention is deemed necessary.

BAKERIES (INCLUDING CAKES AND PASTRY), 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Australia.
				!			
Number of factories	1,107	824	385	194	218	103	2,831
Number of persons engaged	6,597	4,473	2,386	1,231	805		
Value of land and buildings £	3,710,891	2,035,796	646,540	409,435	333,406	388,865	7,524,933
Value of plant and machinery £	1,070,067	654,026	304,906	243,919			2,575,253
Salaries and wages paid £	1,800,734	1,179,604	573,516	355,797	183,354		
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	274,571			55,846			
Value of materials used £	5.268,933	3.701.301	1,926,253	1,084,047			13,023,013
Total value of output £	9,225,808	6,324.892	3.263,834	1.806,005	1,094,280	1,940,605	23,656,024
Value of production £	3,682,304	2,445,224			409,479		9,066,949
j							1

(a) Includes confectionery.

24. Sugar-mills.—(i) General. Sugar-cane is grown in New South Wales and Queensland and particulars of area, yield, etc., are given in extended detail in Chapter XX. "Agricultural Production".

The products of the sugar-mill are raw sugar and molasses, the former being sent to the refineries in different parts of Australia for further treatment. Particulars of cane crushed and sugar produced embodied in the following two tables refer to the quantities treated during the years ended 30th June, irrespective of the season in which the cane was grown; consequently the figures relating to cane crushed and sugar produced may differ slightly from those given in Chapter XX.—"Agricultural Production", which relate to harvest years.

(ii) Details for New South Wales. The following table gives details of the operations of sugar mills in New South Wales for the year 1938-?), and each year 1944-45 to 1947-48:—

SUGAR-MILLS:	NEW SOUTH	WAIFS

Items.	1938-39.	1944-45.	′ 945–46.	1946–47.	1947–48.
Number of factories	337,038 337,038 45,106	24,6 200,050 26,423 1,037,600	283 166,069 21,220 1,110,000	3 297 309,655 • 39,768 1,281,920	33,236 267,261 33,560 (a)

(a) Not available for publication.

(iii) Details for Queensland. Particulars relating to the operations of sugar-mills in Queensland are shown in the following table for the year 1938-39 and each year 1944-45 to 1947-48. Particulars of the seasonal distribution of molasses as recorded by the mills are also shown.

SUGAR-MILLS: QUEENSLAND.

Items.	 i	1938-39.	1944-45.	1945–46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Cane crushed Raw sugar produced (94 net titr	 tons	33 4,419 5,432,193 775,064	32 4,276 4.398,268 643,520		3,717,330	32 4,762 4,150,986 571,694
Molasses— Sold to distillers and others Used as fodder	 gals.	8,275,887 4,237,196 3,293,543	9,136,862 4,719,517 2,745,617	9.380,679 4,675,909	10,691,581 6,932,902	0
Run to waste Burnt as fuel Sold or used for other purposes Total molasses disposed of	 ,, ,,	3,293,343 498,926 3,748,590 232,049 20,286,191	16,660 2,251,737 254,358	50,902 1,748,299	63,466 954,970 241,045	15.03

25. Sugar Refineries.—The establishment of the sugar-refining industry considerably antedates the establishment of the sugar-milling industry, the raw material operated on in the earlier years coming chiefly from Mauritius and the East. In 1947-48 there were two sugar refineries in the States of Victoria and Queensland, and one in each of the States of New South Wales, South Australia and Western Australia. The quantity of raw sugar treated amounted to 452,468 tons, for a yield of 435,584 tons of refined sugar, valued at £14,715,758.

26. Confectionery Factories.—(i) Details for each State. The figures for 1947-48 are given hereunder:—

SUGAR CONFECTIONERY FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	98 3,084 870,392 707,621 918,362 75,468 3,456,469	550,078 551,303 794,842 78,711 2,321,198	96,912 33.739 90,682 6.080 263,597	23 427 111,060 37,284 98,627 10,128 255,561 422,028	75,517 9,248 327,368	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (u) (a)	7,061 1,709,572 1,393,106 1,978,030 179,635 6,624,193
Fotal value of output £ Value of production £	2,062.388	4,075,657. 1.675,748	545,409 275.732			(a)	4,324.576

(a) Not available for publication.

(b) Excludes Tasmania.

(ii) Total for Australia, excluding Tasmania. Particulars of the confectionery industry during the last five years are compared with 1938-39 in the following table. Confectionery establishments in Tasmania have been combined with bakeries in order to conceal confidential information. Production in Australia is more than sufficient to supply local requirements.

SUGAR CONFECTIONERY FACTORIES(a): AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39. 1943–44.		1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of lactories	148	163	182	198	237	242
	7,256	5,796	5,795	5,965	6,574	7,061
	1,423,406	1,451,329	1,480,439	1,556,321	1,640,081	1,709,572
	1,363,619	1,194,194	1,160,005	1,142,484	1,295,007	1,393,106
	1,040,984	1,258,561	1,298,281	1,389,479	1,660,411	1,978,030
	106,869	129,175	134,914	138,512	160,280	179,635
	3,101,955	4,305,338	4,504,124	4,668,928	5,436,640	6,624,193
	5,627,247	7,642,694	7,933,133	8,121,623	9,281,800	11,128,404
	2,418,423	3,208,181	3,294,097	3,314,183	3,684,880	4,324,576

⁽a) Excludes Tasmania.

27. Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegar Factories.—
(i) Details for each State. The following table gives particulars of factories included in this class for 1947-48:—

JAM, FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNING, PICKLES, ETC., FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	680,418 1,125,199 89,382 4,365,891	1,092,770 1,007,063 1,465,618 116,342 6,354,338 9,614,490	256,949 262,433 257,902 17,398 1,212,543 1,680,933	1,003 231.428 138,494 297,548 23,077 862,858 1,322,182	52,201 59,962 5,263 175,668 272,944	192,066 446,534 32,784 1,504,104 2,189,609	11,061 2,761,990 2,332,675 3,652,763

⁽ii) Total for Australia. Particulars of these establishments in Australia for the five years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39 are given hereunder:—.

JAM, FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNING, PICKLES, ETC., FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	-	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Total value of output Value of production	3. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F.	123 6,476 1,382,150 720,639 1,148,991 97,521 4,799,515 7,230,914 2,333,878	11,886,635	2,409,005 1,652,407 3,065,087 327,558 13,141,842	260,079 12,325,758 17,664,531	10,700 2,406,588 1,870,378 3,018,713 252,046 112,224,225	177 11,061 2,761,990 2,332,675 3,652,763 284,246 14,475,402 21,588,403 6,828,755

During the 1939-45 War production of jams and jellies expanded greatly and a high level of output of 171 million lb. was attained in 1943-44. Production afterwards receded but attained a new record of 198 million lb. in 1947-48. The peak output of fruit preserved in liquid also occurred in 1947-48 with 176,273,000 lb., compared with the previous highest level of 161.1 million lb. attained in 1940-41

There has also been a marked development in the production of canned vegetables. In 1938-39 output totalled 10,255,000 lb. but, as a result of the war-time demand by the armed services, production reached the record level of 119,149,000 lb. in 1944-45. However, it has since declined to 46,331,000 lb. in 1947-48.

(iii) Production. The following table shows the quantity and value of jams, pickles, sauces and other items manufactured in each State in 1947-48:—

JAMS, PRESERVED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES, PICKLES AND SAUCES: OUTPUT, 1947-48.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
		Quai	NTITY,				
Jams and Jellies 'coo lb. Fruit Pulp— Consumed in own	58,978	(a)106,669	14,215	15,790	2,802	(b)	198,454
works cwt.	53,478	39,764	2,411	18,738	30,740	48,131	193,26
For sale or addition to stock cwt. Tomato Pulp—	32,845	88.342	(c)	20,304	(c)	553,375	745,919
Consumed in own works cwt.	43,602	114,717	(c)	24,907	(c)	(c)	200,974
For sale or addition to stock cwt. Fruit, preserved in liquid	42,943	318,781		12,534	(c)	(c)	392,718
'ooo lb. Vegetables, preserved in	30,057	103,468	24.235	14,030	(c)	(c)	176,273
liquid 'ooo lb.	25,480		(c)	(c)	(c)	$\langle c \rangle$	46,331
Pickles 'ooo pints Sauces ,, ,,	3,750 11,544	2,724 13,651	(c) 1.308	1,809 3,118	(r) 365	(c) (c)	8,775 30,728
		Valu	т в (£).				
Jams and Jellies	2,079,808 1,122,203	a3,354,752 3,211,062	507,242 827,617			(b) ·	6,507,59; 5,076,760
vegetables, preserved in liquid	1,282,431 227,517 764,053	127,684	(c) (c) 53,158	(c) 100,179 140,835		(c) (c) (c)	2,153,142 483,909 1,747,061

⁽a) Includes Tasmania. (b) Included with Victoria. (c) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.

28. Bacon-curing Factories.—(i) Details for each State. The table hereunder gives particulars of factories engaged in bacon-curing in each State for 1947-48:—

BACON-CURING FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	34 573 272,619 103,442 218,219 28,411 2,194,212 2,637,374 414,751	251,883 111,637 250,373 36,148 2,161,720 2,720,995	230,557 144,810 265,748 29,643 2,482,979 2,872,550	118,927 58,613 113,086 22,617 11,176,825 1,312,361	57,468 31,711 103,726 17,619 1,207,674 1,371,450	2,803 268,406 317,846	2,760 960,251 459-343 972,994

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The number of pigs cured and the quantity and value of production of factories in each State for 1947-48 are shown in the following table:—

BACON-CURING FACTORIES: PIGS CURED AND PRODUCTION, 1947-48.

Particulars.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia
			Pigs Cu	RED.				
Pigs cured on own account Pigs cured on commission	::	217,287 26,228	231,645 2,950	234,177 (b)	107,116 358	91,639 263	26,175 (b)	908.039 30,468
Total		243,515	234,595	(b)	107,474	91,902	(b)	938,507
		Pr	RODUCTS	(Tons).				
Bacon and ham Lard	:: }	14,113 426	11.086 617	9,671 895		4.232	1,275 90	45.021 2,562
			VALUE	(£).				
Bacon and ham (a) Lard	::	1,791.602 33.878	2,023,052 59.725	1.569,467 82,306		688,310	208,775 6,620	7.076.877 223.872

⁽a) Partly estimated. (b)

Bacon and ham and other pig products are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXI.

—" Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products".

29. Butter, Cheese and Condensed Milk Factories.—(i) Details for each State. The following table gives particulars of butter, cheese and condensed milk factories in each State for 1947-48:—

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used £ Total value of output £ Value of production . £	1,211,336 771,663 217,852 8,440,175, 10,065,655	17,212,792 21,346,980	777,483 884.594 531.895	260,987 319,253 66,994 3,162,555 3,933,001	307 103,095 145,014 104,066 30,083 1,550,207 1,833,796	123,844 95,346 22,939 1,099,803 1,344,128	9.642 4,072,933 4.156,415 3,578.020 873,999 44,419,318 52,402,951

⁽ii) Total for Australia. The progress of industries included in this group during the five years 1943-44 to 1947-48 is compared with 1938-39 in the following table:—

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	2,880,323 3,066,840 1,569,531 389,501	8,712 3,360,498 3,499,065 2,526,017 708,211 35,300,830 40,703,304	2,566,477 701,016 31,535,021 37,100,708	8,896 3,506,020 3,597,366 2,737,217 755,755 34,990,910	460 9.223 3.689.493 3.690.273 3.014.595 781.736 35.619.549 42.134.803 5.733.518	449 9.642 4.072.933 4.156.415 3.578.020 873.999 44.419.318 52.402.951 7.109.634

⁽iii) Quantity and Value of Production. The next table shows the quantities and values of butter, cheese and condensed milk produced and the quantities of milk used in their production during 1947-48. These details are restricted to factory production and therefore exclude farm output.

⁽b) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES: PRODUCTION, 1947-48.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
	Mili	USED ('000 GAL	LONS).	<u> </u>		I
For the manufacture of— Butter Cheese Condensed, Dried and	157,838 5.963	260,022 34,761	210.593 21,536	40,159 24,514	32,054 2,253	22,862 1,013	723,528 90,040
other Milk Products (incl. Ice Cream) (b)	20,380	51,328	(a)	3,000	(a)	(a)	78,311
		Product	rs (Tons)				
Butter Cheese Condensed and concentrated	33,958 2,637	56.717 16,167	(c) 9,641	9,043 11,530	6,974 1,019	4,44I 447	157,587
milk	11,377 4,528	38,368 15,426	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) 	(a)	59,039 20,394
·	*******	Valt	JE (£'000).			
Butter	7,003 371	11,767 1,950	9,558 (c) 1,150	1,931 1,378	1,380	920 51	32,559 5,026
milk	641 780	2,880 1,902	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a)	(a)	4,415 2,725

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia. (b) Includes Whe equivalent of cream and butter fat purchased as such. (c) Includes 181 tons of cheese, valued at £18,002, made in establishments not classified as factories.

The butter, cheese and condensed milk industries are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXI.—"Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products"

30. Meat and Fish Preserving Works.—The industries included in this group are engaged chiefly in the freezing and preserving of meat. Works have been established at the seaports for the purpose of handling beef, lamb and mutton for export, and insulated space for the carriage of chilled and frozen produce is provided by shipping companies trading between Australia and other parts of the world. The substitution of chilled for frozen meat exported has already been referred to in Chapter XIX.—"Pastoral Production". In recent years there has been considerable expansion in the canning of meat and fish.

MEAT AND FISH PRESERVING WORKS, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Aumber of factories	8 668' 141,994 119,081 224,830 27,861; 1,147,277 1,541,608 366,470	387,587 37,700 2,357,266 3,162,127	5,112 1,678,043 852,436 2,269,243	314 68,135 52,484 91,823 9,146 564,836, 720,930	452,245 169,913 22,735 662,180 967,470.	51,704 88,710 6,186 261,017 464,635	2,783,915 1,705,961 3,232,106

Particulars of the quantities and values of beef, mutton and lamb preserved by cold process exported from Australia over a series of years will be found in Chapter XIX.

—" Pastoral Production".

31. Breweries.—(i) Details for each State. The following table gives particulars of breweries in each State for the year 1947-48. It should be noted, however, that the data shown below are not strictly comparable throughout, owing to the inability or failure of some breweries to furnish a separate return for each branch of activity. Consequently the figures for some States include details of employment, wages, output, etc., not connected with the brewing of beer, although associated with it. These extraneous activities include cooperage, malt works, aerated waters, etc.

BREWERIES, 1947-48.

Items.	Ń.S.W.	Victoria,	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	4,405,365	708,287 881,287 759,332	339,177 202,473 52,115 484,600	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	. 6 479 267,614 200,558 216,631 54,886 607,983 1.472,925 810,056	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) •(a)	32 4,677 3,241,603 2,795,685 2,029,578 452,699 5,108,560 .11,954,243 6,392,894

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia. Excise Duty.

(ii) Total for Australia. The next table shows the extent of this industry for 1938-39 and the five years 1943-44 to 1947-48:--

BREWERIES: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	34	33	33	33	33	32
	3,698	3,873	3,919	4,121	4.516	4,677
	2,801,147	3,196,938	3,188,239	3,185,582	3,215,403	3,241,603
	2,737,042	2,595,508	2,458,703	2,484,442	2,617.866	2,795,685
	1,215,473	1,444,363	1,496,658	1,586,366	1.805,196	2,029,578
	251,286	339,482	338,913	351,184	425,596	452,699
	3,406,572	4,015,503	4,142,863	4,255,684	4,998,158	5,108,560
	9,030,309	9,969,828	10,151,935	10,476,340	12,267,499	11,954,243
	5,372,451	5,614,843	5,670,159	5,869,472	6,843.715	6,392,984

The quantity of ale, stout and beer brewed fell from 73.7 million gallons in 1928–29 to 49.8 million gallons in 1931–32, but thereafter increased each year to 109.2 million gallons in 1941–42. Under the Control of Liquor Order which operated between March, 1942 and March, 1946, the production of beer was restricted and consequently output remained static at about 100 million gallons from 1942–43 to 1944–45. Production rose to 125 million gallons in 1947–48 and to 148 million gallons in 1948–49.

The average annual consumption of ale, stout and beer prior to the economic depression of the early thirties exceeded 11 gallons per head of the population; it dropped to 7.32 gallons in 1931-32, increased to 13.76 gallons in 1941-42 and declined again to about 13 gallons during the period of control. In 1947-48 the consumption per head increased to 15.47 gallons.

(iii) Materials Used and Production. The table below shows the quantities of raw materials used and the quantity and value of ale, stout and beer brewed in each State during 1947-48:—

BREWERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1947-48.

Pa	articulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
			Raw	Material	s Used.		'	
Malt Hops Bugar	bushels lb cwt.	1,298,607 399,076 190,740	1,230,794 921,979 142,920	412,401 309,586 53,840	394,850 341,351 40,960	(b) (b) (b)	(b) (b) (b)	3,926,802 2,805,555 466,780
Raw	V MATERIAL	s Used Pi	ER 1,000 (SALLONS C	F ALE, S1	OUT AND	BEER PE	RODUCED.
Malt Hops Sugar	bushels lb cwt.	19.71	31.46 23.57 3.65	29.46 22.72 3.95	35.76 30.92 3.71	36.19 21.26 2.49	41.65 20.96 2.25	31.37 22.42 3.73
		·	ALE, STOU	T AND BE	ER BREW	ED.		
Quantii Value (13,624,672 1,399,684	11,040,366 1,145,486	(b) (b)	(b) (b)	125,158,216

⁽a) Excludes Excise Duty.

⁽b) Excludes

⁽b) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for

32. Distilleries.—Distilleries are located in all the States except Tasmania. The following table, which has been compiled from returns of the Excise Branch of the Department of Trade and Customs, shows the materials used in distilleries in Australia and the quantity of spirits distilled therefrom for the years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with the year 1938-39.

DISTILLERIES: AUSTRALIA.

Unit
Particulars. of 1938-39, 1943-44, 1944-45, 1945-46, 1946-47, 1947-48.
Quan-
tity.

PRINCIPAL MATERIALS USED.

Barley Malt			bus.	89,528	240,386	245,306	296,002	349,070	340,000
Barley		1	,,	80,548	170,954	145,993	208,847	263,460	172,644
Wheat			.,		706,712	683,350	108,590	90,503	16,497
Maited Whea	t		,,		11,495	14,200	46,912	27,190	27,900
Maize			,,	7,643	18,208	55,625	58,688	15,532	52,640
Molasses			cwt.	1,405,271	1,086,747	1,158,870	1,158,439	1,808,517	1,849,988
Sugar			,,	1	1,078,714	477,906	522.982	86,433	44,655
Sugar Syrup			,,		321,183	268,509	240,216	100,294	91,204
Wine			gal.	11,364,208	12,631,059	10,420,236	15,749,146		18,916,227
Raisins			cwt.	19,521	15,031	44,455	14,477	47,386	36,690
		1		ı			Į.		1

SPIRITS DISTILLED (PROOF GALLONS).

From— Barley and other Grain Malt Molasses and Sugar Wine and Wine Lees Other		434,578 7,025,416 2,249,265 7,305	3,710,810 18,566,633 2,365,028 76,304	3,778,128 12,463,738 1,872,633 158,079	1,836,659 11,842,105 2,879,030 105,117	1,978,708 10,959,334 3,440,071 143,971	1,782,439 10,672,356 3,983,384 270,978
Total		9,716,564	24,718,775	18,272,578	16,662,911	16,522,084	16,709,157
Spirits denatured	••	4,553,152	18,391,976	12,219,648	8,780,290	8,288,830	7,819,271

33. Tobacco, etc., Factories.—(i) Details for each State. During 1947-48 there were 33 establishments in which the manufacture of tobacco, cigars or cigarettes was carried on. There are no such factories in Tasmania.

TOBACCO, CIGAR AND CIGARETTE FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Australia.
Number of factories	2,986 702,363 503,4,16 936,463 37,893 9,295,718 11,061,168 1.727,557	15 2,282 412,238 407,404 692,398 22,876 5,065,656 6,622,395 1,533,863	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	33 5,470 1,143,363 932,616 1,676,954 62,339 14,492,198 17,915,412 3,360,875

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.

(ii) Total for Australia. This industry was among the first to be established in Australia. In 1861 New South Wales had eleven factories and Victoria one. The Australian market has for many years been largely supplied with local manufactures from the imported leaf. Imports during 1947-48 comprised—manufactured tobacco 517,036 lb., cigars 22,140 lb., and cigarettes 2,847,035 lb., and the quantities manufactured in

Australian factories were respectively 19,715,000 lb., 163,000 lb., and 10,147,000 lb. The following tables show the extent of the industry in Australia for the five years 1943-44 to 1947-48 compared with 1938-39:—

TUBACCO, CIUAR AND CHIARETTE FACTORIES: AUST	BACCO.	ARETTE FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.
--	--------	------------------------------

Items.		1938–39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories		30	25	25	26	31	33
Number of employees	i	5,544	5,112	5,203	5,255	5,641	5,470
Value of land and buildings	£	1,041,798	968,985	952,066		1,159,772	1,143,363
Value of plant and machiner		942,644	789,755	752,361		840,171	932,616
Salaries and wages paid	£	1,095,912	1,243,646	1,230,863	1,300,481	1.536,796	
Value of power, fuel, etc., use		34,483	44,366	44,389	52,174		
Value of materials used Fotal value of output	£	7,080,574	10,087,241	10,436,032	10,602,03	13,657,489	
Value of production	ž.	9,800,413 2,685,356	12,934,104	12,851,221	13,042,558	2,645,549	
	LEA			uction ('o			1,300,07
Leaf used	i		1	· · · · · ·	/	i .	<u> </u>
Australian (stemmed)		4,489	4,951	4,658	4,685	3,611	2,924
Imported (stemmed)		16,011	19,202	18,704	18,822	23.441	23,675
Tobacco made		16,305	18,187	17,448	17,901	20,190	19,715
Cigars made		238	134	122	125	139	163
Cigarettes made		6,731	8,929	8,740	8,482	10,082	10,147

For many years the production of locally-grown leaf was comparatively small, and manufacturers were dependent on imported leaf for the supply of their raw material. Increased import duties stimulated local production, and the quantity of Australian leaf used by manufacturers rose from 1.2 million lb. in 1929-30 to over 3 million lb. in 1930-31. During the 1939-45 War about 4.7 million lb. of Australian-grown leaf was used annually but in subsequent years the figure fell to the 1947-48 level of 2.9 million lb. In this connexion, see Chapter XX.—"Agricultural Production".

34. Sawmills, etc.—(i) Details for States. The most important industry in Class X. is that of sawmilling. Because of difficulties associated with the classifying of sawmills into forest and town, they have been combined in the following tables, together with plywood and bark mills.

SAWMILLS, PLYWOOD AND BARK MILLS, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used £ Total value of output £ Value of production £	12,336,528	5,577 704,767 1,107,469 1,741,359 121,653 4,852,181 8,212,213	6,947 504.714 882,104 2,065,475 101,583 3,548,831 6,896,665	1,711 319,992 232,510 567,441 26,022 1,861,790 2,846,343	236,763 436,901 793,098 67,052 1,228,739 2,545,173	2,103 141,914 457,411 601,142 41,114 1,162,636 2,121,139	27,811 3,291,577 4,677,370 8,537,051

(ii) Total for Australia. Comparative statistics for 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48 are shown in the following table:—

SAWMILLS, PLYWOOD AND BARK MILLS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39. 1943-44.	1944-45. 1945-46.	1946-47. 1947-48.
Number of factories	14,537,888 19,278,114	20,608 22,591 2,256,446 2,523,249 3,165,992 3,460,945 5,315,207 5,841,968	2,840,497 : 3.291,577 4,079.916 : 4.677.370 7,119.598 + 8.537,051 449,405 : 534,171 16,001,148 : 19.971,233 27,889,108 : 34.958,061
		•	

The sawmill output of native timber, which declined from 740 million super. feet in 1925-26 to the abnormally low figure of 237 million super. feet during the depth of the depression, recovered to 717 million super. feet in 1938-39 and stood at 1,117 million super. feet in 1947-48. Further reference is made to the sawmilling industry in Chapter XXII.—"Forestry".

35. Cabinet and Furniture Making and Upholstery Factories.—These industries constitute the principal manufactures in Class XI. The following table gives particulars for each State in 1947-48:—

CABINET AND FURNITURE MAKING AND UPHOLSTERY FACTORIES, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	39 ² 5.039 1,121,997 339,103 1,626,405 38,368 2,910,288 5,472,077 2,523,421	1,184,661 26,194 1,955,479 4,070,545	115,868 639,450 13,070 989,132	1,448 238,373 94,231 414,654 10,880 735,465 1,398,384	1,115 220,411 90,015 275.932 5.225 520,138 1,009,482	364,618	14.432 2,984,170 9,12,909 4,274,891

36. Printing Works.—Printing and bookbinding works rank high in importance among the industries of Australia, and in 1947-48 afforded employment for about 31,000 employees, and paid nearly £10,914,000 in salaries and wages, while the value of output amounted to £34,141,000. The first table below gives particulars of establishments engaged in general printing in each State for 1947-48. These establishments include those engaged in lithographic printing, bookbinding, paper ruling and linotyping and Government printing works. Establishments producing newspapers and periodicals are shown separately in the second table to follow:—,

GOVERNMENT AND GENERAL PRINTING WORKS. 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia
							. ———
Number of factories	389	396	89	66	68	18	1,02
Number of persons engaged	8,126	6,944'	2,225	1.389	1,121,	540	20,34
Value of land and buildings £	1.707.786	1,790.022	383,927	263.987	234,002	136,122	4,605,84
Value of plant and machinery £	1,459,486	1.158,304	220,336	248.316	154.949	80,672	3,322,06
Salaries and wages paid £	2,734,338	2,300,516	623,186		310,268		6,573,08
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	58,216	54,464	13.008		7.523		
Value of materials used £	3.722.371	3.445.530	826,567				9,052,90
Total value of output £	8,357,508				995,107		
Value of production £		3.558,208					

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS, 1947-48.

Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	182 5.271 1,907,926 1,575,584 2.090.753 74.799 3.423,374 7.281,812 3.783.639	1.064,651 36,273 1.811,789 3,567,926	1.470	168,582 297,120 10,224 376,199 891,719	32 598 252,490 115,021 241,439 11,300 285,600 699,860 402,960	75,321 111,743 3,894 85,132 291,903	3,845,018 2,790,874 4,340,505

37. Paper Making.—Although the paper manufacturing industry has been established in Australia for many years it was not until the manufacture of paper pulp from indigenous timber commenced in 1938-39 that any marked development occurred.

Plants producing pulp from eucalypt timber are operating in Victoria and Tasmania whilst in South Australia pulp is being produced from locally-grown softwoods. The production of pulp rose from 6,000 tons in 1938-39 to 88,000 tons in 1946-47, and then dropped slightly to 86,000 tons in 1947-48.

The number of factories operating in 1947-48 comprised two in New South Wales, five in Victoria, one in Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia and two in Tasmania. In the latter State, newsprint, writing and printing papers are produced and in the other States wrappings, other papers and boards. Particulars for this industry are given in the following table for the years 1938-39 and 1943-44 to 1947-48.

PAPER MAKING, INCLUDING PULP MILLS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.
Number of factories	7 1,961 849,578 1,712,662 466,548 200,998 1,095,318 2,301,531 1,005,215	4,758 1,491,848 3,178,251 1,526,609 586,710 4,047,788 7,954,232 3,319,734	4,625 1,521,419 2,920,885 1,525,871 596,399 4,081,491 8,094,486 3,416,596	4,705 1,525,187 2,509,426 1,577,146 598,979 3,802,205 7,417,772 3,016,588	5,078 1,659,960 2,923,957 1,933,649 782,038 4,056,766 8,654,231 3,817,427	5,260 1,832,994 5,584,740 2,350,435 849,308 4,978,685 10,258,026 4,430,033

38. Rubber Goods (Including Tyres made).—The following table gives particulars of this industry for each State during 1947-48:—

RUBBER GOODS (INCLUDING TYRES MADE), 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	¹ Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	32	32	4.	7.	2		67
Number of persons engaged	4,422	3,790	532	296	8'		9,048
Value of land and buildings £	685,173	.641,989	44,901	25,125	2,208		1,399,396
Value of plant and machinery £	627,273	773,759	28,267	36,018	479		1,465,796
Salaries and wages paid £	1,848,535	1,598,519	176,690	88,215	1,742		3,713,701
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	216,699		11,714	7,497			510,122
Value of materials used £	4,881,597	4.556,620	298,630	112,175	2,720		9,851,742
Total value of output £	7.237,901			265,138	7,178		15,844,851
Value of production £	2,130,605						5,482,987

39. Electric Light and Power Works.—(i) Details for each State. The increased demand for electrical energy has been responsible for considerable development in electric light and power works during recent years. Since 1938-39 the production of electric light and power has increased from 4,688 to 8,360 million K.W.H. in 1947-48, or by 78 per cent. Particulars for the year 1947-48 are as follows:—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS, 1947-48.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used £ Total value of output Value of production £ Value of production	11,638,150 1,742,954 4,220,329; 750,765; 11,477,638	966.791 1,861,044 196,701	796 825,425 2,854,345 356,456 1,182,895 216,575 2,129,294	1,052 1,531,242 4,046,942 401,883 1,056,118 56,630	860 517,470 2,023,804 355,507 1,129,368 94,604 1,749,806	605,674 3,479,027 50,347 181 18,710	363 8,426 10,497,087 34,818,613 3,873,938 9,449,935 1,333,085 21,849,159 11,065,239

Particulars of the types of engines and generators installed in Electric Light and Power Works and their rated horse-power are given on page 1097.

(ii) Production. The increase in the production of electric light and power in each of the States since 1938-39 is shown in the following table:—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS: PRODUCTION.
('000 K.W.H.)

Year.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.	
1938-39 1943-44 1945-46 1946-47 1947-18		1,948,490 2,826,132 2,877,336 2,831,801 3,228,670 3,546,345	1,222,505 1,777,769 1,817,347 1,904,403 2,001,994 2,259,938	387,368 563,489 602,451 612,672 655,797 759,080	256,283 393,794 409,866 402,134 458,899 519,531	307,002 313,261 329,865 338,799 378,266 402,300	566,691 801,945 802,151 819,958 803,801 872,680	4,688,339 6,676,390 6,839,016 6,909,767 7,527,427 8,359,874	

40. Gas-works.—(i) Details for each State. Gas-works are in operation in the majority of important towns in Australia. New South Wales returned seven coke factories and Queensland one, working as separate industries, but under the present classification these are included in Class I.—Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine and Quarry Products. The following table gives particulars of gas-works in each State for the year 1947–48:—

GAS-WORKS, 1947-48.

Items,	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W.Aust.	Tas.	Australia.		
Number of factories Number of persons engaged Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used £ Total value of output £ Value of production £	39 1,361 848,371 3,103,555 645,786 491,936 2,137,477 4,486,685 1,857,272	1,337 609,894 4,433,182 577,636 44,307 1,968,606 3,114,351	203,385 688,011 150,220 12,161 419,037 791,086	388 27,466 1,181,435 171,075 2,777 398,259 644,103	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	3,718 1,814,83 10,004,59 1,643,43 .594,98 5,254,83 9,521,79 3,671,96		

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.

(ii) Coal Used and Production. The following table gives details for 1947-48:-

GAS-WORKS: COAL USED AND PRODUCTION, 1947-48.

	Partic	culars.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
					COAL	USED.		,		
Coal	•••		tons	887,594	709,512	179,675	126,228	(a)	(a)	1,981,733
		-		·	Pro	DUCTS.		·	-,	
Gas 80	roduced	'000 ct	ibic ft. ibic ft. tons tons			2,344,384 84,459	(a) 75,190		(a) (a) (u) (a)	36,303,702 31,865,153 1,170,545 656,315
					VAL	UΕ (£).				
Gas so Coke f			::	3,150,465 457,732				314,823 (a)	(a) (a)	8,874,012

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.

Since 1938-39, when the output of gas was 21 thousand million cubic feet, production has increased each year and reached 36 thousand million cubic feet in 1947-48.